THE BEAVER ARGUS.

Wednesday, April 13, 1864.

D. L. IMBRIE, Editor & Proprietor.

TERMS—One Dollar and Fifty Cents per annum IN ADVANCE; otherwise Two Dollars will be charged. No paper discontinued until all arrearages are settled.

☞ Letters and communications, by mail shall have prompt attention.

LITTLE ANNA IS SLEEPING.

BY SAMUEL BARBER.

Where flowers are budding little Anna
is sleeping;
Where the beautiful rose its white
leaflet discloses;
Little Anna loved flowers, and now
they are keeping
Their watch o'er the place where
she calmly reposes.

Little Anna is sleeping! The birds
are all singing
So sweetly where woodbine and
myrtle are creeping;
From the hawthorn and hedge the soft
down they are bringing
For their nest in the tree near where
Anna is sleeping.

The mantle of twilight is silently
falling,
And shadowy waves o'er landscape
are sweeping,
While the voice of the turtle seems
plaintively calling
The birds to their vespers, where
Anna is sleeping.

Breathe softly, ye zephyr-like winds,
from the ocean,
Where flowers are blooming and
the willow is weeping;
Your strength be hushed in thy rest-
less commotion.
Bathe gently thy pebbles, little Anna
is sleeping.

SOLDIERS AFTER THE WAR.—Macaulay in the portion of his history relating to the state of English society at close of the Revolution touches on a subject curiously paralleled in our own times. Speaking of the fears that were then entertained as to the result of disbanding Cromwell's army and throwing its unruly elements back into society, he says:

"The troops were now to be disbanded. Fifty thousand men, accustomed to the profession of arms, were at once thrown on the world, and experience seemed to warrant the belief that this would produce much misery and crime—that the discharged veterans would be seen begging in every street, or would be driven by hunger to pillage. But no such result followed. In a few months there remained not a trace indicating that this most formidable army in the world had just been absorbed into the mass of the community. The royal navy themselves confessed that in every department of honest industry the discarded warriors prospered beyond other men; that none was charged with any theft or robbery; that none was heard to ask any alms; and that, if a baker, a mason, or a wagoner attracted notice by his diligence and sobriety, *he was in all probability, one of Oliver's old soldiers.*

A TRUE WIFE.—A man who had struggled with a malignant disease approached that crisis in its stage on which his life seemed to depend. His anxious wife, scarcely daring to breathe, was sitting by his bed; her energies exhausted by constant watching, had all left her. It was past midnight, a door was open for air she heard, in the stillness of the night, a window open below stairs, and soon after approaching footsteps. A moment more, and a man with his face disguised entered the room. She instantly saw her husband's danger; and, anticipating the design of the unwelcome intruder, she pointed to her husband, and pressing her finger upon her lips to insure silence, held out to the robber her purse and her keys.—To her great surprise, he took neither. Whether he was terrified or charmed by the courage of her affection, cannot be known. He left the room, and, without robbing a house sanctified by such strength of affection, he departed.

PERSONAL OPINIONS FREELY EXPRESSED.—The New York *Evening Post* has been shown a bundle of thirty-eight five dollar notes on the Frankstown, Bradford county, Pa., bank, which have James Buchanan's portrait engraved upon one corner, and in the face of the notes the word "Traitor" is written across Buchanan's forehead; in others, the letter "T" is branded; on one, the following words appear: 'Give him his deserts;" on another is written, "Ye ould divil," and still another bears the inscription: "False to his country and his God, but true to the Democratic praty." Some ingenious individuals, at a loss to express their contempt in words, resort to symbols; one has drawn a copperhead snake wriggling through the mouth of Buchanan, another decorates the head with a cap and bells, and a third encloses the neck within a noose which is attached to a gibbet.

☞ A rebel paper says that General Bragg brought his army to such a thorough condition of discipline as to make it a mere machine. We believe that General Grant has *run* that machine.

☞ Mrs. Lucretia Clay, wife of Henry Clay, died on Wednesday night, at the residence of her son, John M. Clay, near Lexington, aged 63 years.

☞ The Senate has passed a bill making the terms of constables five years instead of one as heretofore.

BEAVER ARGUS.

Vol. 40-No. 15. Beaver, Wednesday, April 13, 1864. Established 1818

How I was not Taken Prisoner

I was serving as quartermaster of the —d New York State volunteers, in the valley of the Shenandoah, in the spring of 1862, and was upon the day to which my story relates out with a foraging party of my own men. I am a West Virginia by birth, and was consequently pretty much at home on the ground over which were traveling. Our column was advancing, and I barely allowed it to go out of sight. We did not do our foraging on the rebel plan of seizing everything on which we could lay our hands, whether it belonged to friend or foe, and appropriating it by force of arms; but went out with a sizeable roll of greenbacks, and paid, asking prices for every bit on provender brought back to camp.

Many times on these excursions I was tempted to renew, some of my friendships of years gone by, and drop in upon the wayside mansions rather as a guest than a buyer of pigs and poultry, but I resisted the inclination, for the reason that it was hard to tell where I might find friends, and where foes, who, though they might be only passive ones, had it in their power to make my call a very unpleasant one.

This day I had been especially attentive to my errand, hardly allowing myself to look up from my bargaining with some sable aunty or uncle, when I knew that a pair of bright eyes were looking down from the piazza, or female ears were listening, curiously, to catch any little matter connected with the "dicker," that might be of interest. With this virtuous resolve strongly upon me, I was slightly taken back in the midst of my acquisition of a dozen of ducks and a few score of eggs, the lawful perquisites of a stout wench, by a silvery voice that struck something if memory erves me, calling "Captain!"

I raised my eyes, to see above me, on the balcony, Mrs. Grant Wetherbee, once Miss Kate Cornell, and once my acme of perfection and Virginian since I had submitted to have my heart torn into minute shreds by being present at the wedding where the beautiful Kate was transformed into Mrs. Grant Wetherbee, and yet upon the first glance that same heart bounded with something very like the old love, bounded so forcibly, indeed, that it sent me springing off my horse and up to the verandah without further notice.

It is hardly necessary for me to tell exactly how glad we were to meet.—I say we because I can speak confidently of myself, and I am as sure, if I can believe in my eyes, quite as confident for my fair friend. Nothing would now do but I must enter, and the names of the fair ones who would greet inside were rehearsed. A more denying disposition than mine would have yielded when I heard the promise of finding in the parlors two of the most elegant women of Virginia, firm friends of mine in the past.

I believe that they were sincerely glad to see me, and I will not offer an apology for yielding to the cordial invitation, pressed upon me, that I should spend an hour or two with them and share, what a soldier has seldom offered to him, a bounteous and refined tea table.

I accepted—how could I help it?—after stepping out upon the verandah, and sending my men about two miles across the country to a mill, where they were to obtain some sacks of corn, with orders, after that, to join the regiment, and report me absent until dark. The tea was despatched, and we returned to the parlor, but my fair hostess would not hear me speak of departure yet. I must play one game of chess and drink some of that superb sherry I was wont to praise five years before, when it made part of her father's cellar. Chess and sherry, with one of the most beautiful women south of Mason and Dixon's line! I was but a man, and I yielded, though I knew that our line had passed on, and that I should have a hard, and perhaps a risky, gallop to overtake them.

The chess had advanced but a little way, and I was conscious of spending one of the happiest hours of my existence, when the door of the room was thrown open and five gentlemen in the uniform of officers in the Confederate service entered. As quick as lightning I glanced into the face of the three ladies who were my entertainers, and as quickly I became convinced they were innocent. Fortunately I was enabled to preserve my presence of mind, and when Mr. Whetherbee said: "Captain Foote, allow me to present Col. Ashby."

I rose quietly, and taking his hand, responded:

"I am happy to meet one of whom I heard so much."

Then, with an introduction of the others of the party, we became seated. I cannot help admitting that there was a momentary embarrassment with all the party, and for a minute nobody spoke. It required the tact of a woman to rectify this; it was rectified instantly, and the conversation flowed smoothly. Our chess was dropped, but our sherry was discussed, as well as every topic but that of the war. This was a tabooed subject, and not one word was uttered on either side that would have led the most careful listener to believe that we were soldiers warring against each other.

It would be useless to deny that during this time my mind was running on all things beside those upon which I was talking. I knew that I was Colonel Ashby's prisoner, though there was just the shadow of a doubt whether he meant to enforce the forfeit. I could not help stealing anxious glances occasionally into Mrs. Kate's face, to see if I could read there any indication of her belief and as often I saw an uncomfortable recognizance of her position and the fear of my suspicion.

At last the time came when I must bring the matter to an issue, and I arose to depart. Whatever the end might be, I did not intend that Ashby or his friends should see it in my face or manner of taking leave that I for an instant suspected such a termination to our interview. In fact, I had made up my mind not to be taken without a struggle, as it was but a few nights before that two of our officers had been captured, while upon a visit to some fair ones outside, our lines, and the incident had served for hard jokes on the now imworth a bit of fight, therefore, to avoid not only being taken prisoner, but being taken in so ignoble a way.

I bade my fair entertainers good-night, regretting that it would be so long ere I could see them again, and advancing to do the same by Col. Ashby and his friends, but found them on on their feet and preparing also to depart. I shall never forget the minute that it took us to reach the piazza; it seemed an age. I had picked up my sword by the way having unbuckled and stood it in a corner of the room when I sat down to chess, and grasped it tightly by the scabbard in my left hand, prepared to use it on the slightest demonstration. My horse stood fastened with in a few feet, and I felt that if I once got over his back I had no fear of the whole party.

It was just dark, and we all stood an instant looking out upon the landscape. Every moment I expected the words, "Captain, you are my prisoner!" when I noticed a look of intelligence pass between the Colonel and his adjutant. I grasped my sword tighter and looked in the direction of their eyes, and, with a great bound of the heart, saw my own men coming slowly up toward the house.

Whether they were deceived and believed them a squad of their own, in the dim light, or really knew what they were, and trusted to my generosity, I could not tell; but after they had fairly emerged into the road I turned towards my companions, and with one glance into their inscrutable faces, extended my hand to Ashby:

"I must bid you good night, Colonel; I see a file of my men coming up after me, and it might be unpleasant for you to meet them."

"Good night, captain—I thank you!" was all the response, and in a moment I was on my horse and had joined my men, who had returned that they might warn me of several wandering parties of "rebs" they knew to be out, and prevent me from being picked up. I never knew whether I was a prisoner that evening or not.

☞ Among a party of slaves that arrived in Boston from Virginia to enlist in a Massachusetts regiment, was one who was much whiter than many white men, and never would be taken, from his appearance, for a slave. His family connection is somewhat singular, he being a son of his grandfather and a brother of his mother.

Things that Make a Patriot Mad.

To hear men who have never read the Constitution, and never heard it read, ranting about its violation.

To hear men who never did a day's labor in their lives howling about influx of negroes, and its injustice to the white laborers.

To hear men rave about the President's violation of the Constitution, who are so utterly stupid or knavish that they have never ascertained that the rebellion is in violation of the Constitution.

To hear men who care not for law—for God nor man—and who live in daily violation of it, talking about law.

To hear men who, were they South, would be treated as the poorest and meanest "white trash" taunted as "mudsills," "greasy mechanics," &c., upholding the very men who so degrade labor and despise those who do not own negroes.

To hear them justifying Jeff. Davis and the South, who have not the manhood and decency to go South and seek a new home which they like so well.

To hear a man who loves slavery more than his country or freedom.

To hear a drunken, leprous, thick-headed, gaunt-looking libel upon manhood, belching out abolition.

To hear a man talking about peace and compromise after he has been kicked and spit upon by the South.—*Oswego Times.*

TOUCH NOT MY SISTER'S PICTURE.—The following incident was related by a Confederate prisoner to an attendant, who, by many acts of kindness, had won his confidence:

I was searching for spoil among the dead and dying upon a deserted battle-field, when I discovered a small gold locket upon the person of a dying boy, apparently about fifteen years of age. As I endeavored to take it from his grasp, he opened his languid eyes and implored me, by all that was good and pure, by the memory of my own mother, not to rob him of [illegible]

Oh, said he, "it was [illegible] I promised her, when she kissed my cheek at parting, that I would always wear it near my heart, in life or death!"—[then, as if throwing his whole soul into the plea, he exclaimed]—"Oh! touch not my sister's picture!"

As the last words faltered upon his tongue, his voice hushed in death. By the dim light of the stars I hastily scooped a shallow grave, and buried him with his sister's picture lying upon his breast.

A WIFE IN TROUBLE.—The following occurred not many weeks ago:

"Pray tell me my dear, what is the cause of those tears?"

"Oh, such disgrace!"

"What—what is it, my dear? Do not keep me in suspense."

"Why, I have opened one of your letters, supposing it addressed to myself. Certainly it looked more like Mrs. than Mr."

"Is that all? What harm can there be in a wife's opening her husband's letters?"

"No harm in the thing itself; but the contents! Such a disgrace!"

"What! has any one dared to write me a letter unfit to be read by my wife?"

"Oh, no. It is couched in the most chaste and gentlemanly language language. But the contents! the contents!"

Here the wife buried her face in her handkerchief and commenced sobbing out while the husband eagerly caught up the letter and commenced reading the epistle, the innocent means of nearly breaking his wife's heart. *It was a bill from the printer for three years subscription to his county paper.*

☞ The President has acknowledged character for saying good words in good times and his recent tribute to the women of America is an instance of this. He spoke for all the men of America when he invoked the blessing which concludes the manly and characteristic speech:

"I am not accustomed to use the language of eulogy; I have never studied the art of paying compliments to women, but I must say that if all that has been said by orators and poets since the creation of the world in praise of women, were applied to the women of America, it would not do them justice for their conduct during this war. God bless the women of America!"

This is a compliment, to be sure, but every word of it is true.

Account of the Mattoon (Ill.) Troubles.

The editor of the Chicago *Post*, Mr. James W. Sheahan, has paid a visit to Coles county, Illinois, the seat of the late copperhead *emeute*, and has made a most thorough and impartial investigation of the whole matter. Mr. Sheahan's account confirms that of the special correspondence of the Chicago *Times*. It is established that there is, in Southern Illinois at least, a secret association of traitors. A parcel of them infest a section of the country known as the O'Hair Settlement, near Mattoon. One of them, a drunken vagabond, picked a quarrel with a re-enlisted veteran, and was whipped by him. Upon this, the secret society of traitors made an arrangement to strike a blow for the Southern Confederacy, by a general massacre of the soldiers on furlough, in and about Mattoon.—A call was issued for a "Democratic meeting," and it was announced that the Democratic member of Congress of that district would speak.

The day fixed for the meeting was court day, and the day on which it was known a large number of soldiers would be in Mattoon unarmed, and on their way back to the army. Thirty or forty men from the O'Hair settlement, the *Times* says, made their appearance, armed with revolvers, and others had shot guns and rifles hidden in their wagons.

It was understood that whenever a shot was fired, it should be the signal for commencing the wholesale assassination of the soldiers. Every armed copperhead was at once to fire upon the blue uniform wherever it appeared. A more infernal plot was never conceived by the assassins in the dark ages. The appointed leader of the conspirators, one Nelson Wells, soon managed to get into an altercation with a soldier, and fired upon him, thus giving the signal for the massacre. And, says the correspondent of the *Times*:—"In a second or two, the men from O'Hair's Settlement responded to the signal, and a firing became general."

[illegible] struck by Wells and [illegible] a leader, and soon became separated and fled like the guilty thing upon an evil summons. Mr. SHEAHAN'S account gives other particulars, all going to show the want of provocation given the Copperheads by the soldiers, and the deliberate preparations of the former to massacre the latter. The Democratic member of Congress, Jno. R. Eden, was alarmed when he learned the bloody work in which his friends were engaged, and hearing the signal of murder given, fled from the town and walked twelve miles to a railway station, and made the best of his way to Washington.

In order to fix the responsibility of this cowardly conspiracy where it rightfully belongs, we extract the following from the *Coles County Ledger*, (published at Charleston, the scene of the recent massacre,) and which has for years been the Democratic organ of the county, but not in sympathy with such *bogus* Democrats as the editor of the Chicago *Times* and Sheriff O'Hair, who are for dishonorable peace with Southern rebels, but for bloody war with their loyal neighbors. The *Ledger* calls things by their right names, and boldly denounces the miscreants who deem the wearing of the United States uniform an offence of death. It says:—

"The rebels were supplied with arms from a wagon in the street, brought there expressly for their use. Their attack was made upon the soldiers: as we have stated, but it seems was intended by them to extend to *tender footed Democrats*—citizens who refuse to go the whole road with them."

* * * War, stern war, stares us in the face. It is being brought to our doors; the soil of the great Prairie State is being broken to receive the blood of some of her noble sons.—The votaries of Jeff. Davis and slavery are proving what has heretofore been said of them—they are traitors, nothing more, nothing less—it is also proven that their is no middle ground upon which to stand. Our court is now driven from our county—the Sheriff, whose duty it is to serve all processes, make arrests, etc., has left his home, his duty, as a sworn peace officer, and is now rallying fiends to aid him in an effort to put down those who are in support of the General Government. To-day, we have had the solemn and sad duty to perform, of interring lifeless forms of our brave soldier boys, who fell by the hands of their former friends and neighbors. A sad spectacle indeed. Thus far, we have mentioned no names of those on the rebel side, except the killed. With double shame we are forced to confess that the High Sheriff of our county, John O'Hair, whose name is enough to pollute the tongue or a loyal man in speaking of it, is the recognized leader.

The Counties of Pennsylvania.

Names and date of the erection of the several counties of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and the territory from which they were formed; the three first counties of which they were formed, to wit: Philadelphia, Bucks and Chester, were established at the first settlement of the Province of Pennsylvania, and formed the only original counties of all that territory of which the new great State is composed, comprised of sixty-six counties, as follows, to wit:

1. Adams, January, 1800, formed of a part of New York.

2. Allegheny, Sept. 1788, formed of part of Westmoreland, and Washington.

3. Armstrong, March, 1800, formed of a part of Allegheny, Westmoreland and Lycoming.

4. Beaver, March, 1800, formed of a part of Allegheny and Washington.

5. Bedford, March, 1771, formed of a part of Cumberland.

6. Berks, March, 1752, formed of a part of Philadelphia, Chester and Lancaster.

7. Blair, February, 1846, formed of a part of Huntingdon and Bedford.

8. Bradford, Feb, 1810, formed of a part of Luzerne and Lycoming.

9. Bucks, one of the three original counties of the Province.

10. Butler, March, 1800, formed of a part of Allegheny.

11. Cambria, March, 1804, formed of a part of Huntingdon and Somerset.

12. Cameron, March, 1860, formed of a part of Clinton, Elk, M'Kean and Potter.

13. Carbon, March, 1843, formed of a part of Northampton and Monroe.

14. Centre, Feb, 1800, formed of a part of Mifflin, Northumberland, Lycoming and Huntingdon.

15. Chester, one of the original counties established at the first settlement of the Province.

16. Clarion, March, 1839, formed of a part of Venango and Armstrong.

17. Clearfield, March, 1804, formed of a part of Lycoming.

18. Clinton, June, 1830, formed of a part of Lycoming and Centre.

19. Columbia, March, 1813, formed [illegible] formed of a part of Lancaster.

22. Dauphin, March, 1785, formed of a part of Lancaster.

23. Delaware, September, 1789, formed of a part of Chester.

24. Elk, April, 1842, formed of a part Jefferson, Clearfield and M'Kean.

25. Erie, March, 1800, formed of a part of Allegheny.

26. Fayette, September, 1788, formed of a part of Westmoreland.

27. Forest, April, 1848, formed of a part of Jefferson.

28. Franklin, Sept, 1784, formed of a part of Cumberland.

29. Fulton, April, 1850, formed of a part of Bedford.

30. Greene Feb, 1796, formed of a part of Westmoreland.

31. Huntingdon, Sept, 1787, formed of a part of Bedford.

32. Indiana, March, 1802, formed of a part of Westmoreland and Lycoming.

33. Jefferson, March, 1804, formed of a part of Lycoming.

34. Juniata, March, 1831, formed of a part of Mifflin.

35. Lancaster, May, 1729, formed of a part of Chester.

36. Lawrence, March, 1850, formed of a part of Beaver and Mercer.

37. Lebanon, Feb, 1813, formed of a part of Dauphin and Lancaster.

38. Lehigh, March, 1812, formed of a part of Northampton.

39. Luzerne, Sept, 1786, formed of a part of Northumberland.

40. Lycoming, April, 1796, formed of a part of Northumberland.

41. M'Kean, March, 1804, formed of a part of Lycoming.

42. Mercer, March, 1800, formed of a part of Allegheny.

43. Mifflin, Sept, 1789, formed of a part of Cumberland and Northumberland.

44. Monroe, April, 1836, formed of a part of Northampton and Pike.

45. Montgomery, Sept, 1784, formed of a part of Philadelphia.

46. Montour, May, 1850, formed of a part of Columbia.

47. Northampton, March, 1752, formed of a part of Bucks.

48. Northumberland, March, 1772, formed of part of Lancaster.

49. Perry, March, 1826, formed of a part of Cumberland.

50. Philadelphia, one of the three original counties established at the first settlement of the Province.

51. Pike, March, 1814, formed of a part of Wayne.

52. Potter, March, 1804, formed of a part of Lycoming.

53. Schuylkill, March, 1811, formed of a part of Berks and Northampton.

54. Snyder, March, 1855, formed of a part of Union.

55. Somerset, April, 1795, formed of a part of Bedford.

56. Sullivan, March, 1847, formed of a part of Lycoming.

57. Susquehanna, Feb, 1810, formed of a part of Luzerne.

58. Tioga, March, 1804, formed of a part of Lycoming.

59. Union, March, 1812, formed of a part of Northumberland.

60. Venango, March, 1800, formed of a part of Allegheny and Lycoming.

61. Warren, March, 1800, formed of a part of Allegheny and Lycoming.

62. Wayne, March, 1798, formed of a part of Northampton.

63. Washington, March, 1781, formed of a part of Westmoreland.

64. Westmoreland, Feb, 1773, formed of a part of Bedford, and in 1785 part of the purchases of 1784 was added thereto.

65. Wyoming, April, 1842, formed of a part of Northumberland and Luzerne.

66. York, August, 1749, formed of a

Politeness to Women.

In Mr. Hunt's article published "Life of Edward Livingston," there is a passage from one of Livingston's speeches, or letters in which he expresses his pride that a woman may travel from one end of America to another without insult. And there is no doubt that we are the most truly courteous of people, Jean Crapeau to the contrary notwithstanding. But it is perhaps no less true, that that courtesy is more sorely tried by the beautiful sex than in any other land. Within two or three days this Easy Chair has seen a woman come into a car at Springfield, Mass., where the train stopped for dinner, look around, and deliberately place herself in the seat where a bag and traveling shawl told, as plainly as it some one had spoken, that some gentleman had left the seat to dine, and would presently return. In a few minutes he came to resume his place, looked surprised, asked the woman if she would please hand him his shawl, which she did, and then taking his bag, looked around for a seat, and as I afterward discovered, was obliged to push on to the smoking-car before he found one.

At another time a gentleman stepped out of the car for a moment, leaving his shawl, and returning in less than five minutes, he found a man-woman comfortably ensconced in it.—Upon his, polite request the woman rose and handed him his shawl; but in neither case was there a single word of explanation or apology from any of the offenders. As the Easy Chair looked on and saw the boorishness of the women and the true courtesy of the men—for in neither instance was there the least apparent [illegible] had been there, who waited, whose seat had been taken in a similar way, until the offending women asked, curtly, "What are you waiting for?" and then answered, with quiet and noble courtesy, "I am waiting to hear you say, 'thank you,' madam." For he did not mean that the fine laws of behavior should be outraged in his presence without a fit of rebuke.

This is the very point of complaint, that a seat in a car, however crowded the car may be, and however convenient the seat for a traveler making a long journey, is held to be common property, however its possession may be marked. Let, then, either of these women—and their name is legion—who may chance to read these lines, ask herself how she would like to return to a seat, in which she had left her bag or shawl for the purpose of retaining it, and to find it occupied without a word or even look of recognition. We do not indeed buy a specific seat in a car, but common courtesy allots that one to us which we occupy or have designated as ours.

LOYALTY OF LOUISIANA SOLDIERS.—Governor Hahn has received the following patriotic letter, signed by five well known Creole citizens of Louisiana, in their own behalf and in behalf of two hundred and fifty of their comrades, prisoners in Camp Morton:

Hon. Michael Hahn, Governor of the State of Louisiana—Sir: The undersigned have hailed with acclamations your election as Governor of the noble State to which we belong. The school of misfortune has taught us experience, and like you we see that the only course worthy of our noble State is to resume her place in the proud and glorious sisterhood to which she once belonged, and to throw off forever the curse attached to our institutions. We believe slavery to be no more, and pledge ourselves to assist in your endeavors to eradicate that evil. We beg of you to help our native State, and to demand our release from the authorities at Washington. All citizens of Louisiana, we wish to return to her and assist you in the glorious work of her resurrection. The old State, with its institution of slavery, is now dead; let now the new and free State of Louisiana arise from the ashes of her mother, and guided by your able hands, assume in our Union the place to which she is entitled. Hoping, sir, that you will listen to our prayer and consider this our humble petition, we remain, respectfully, your obedient servants.

Camp Morton, Indianapolis Mar. 9

—*New Orleans Era.*

☞ The Catholic *Telegraph*, published at Cincinnati, the *Universe* at Philadelphia, and Bronson's *Quarterly Review*, three of the strongest Roman Catholic papers in America, are among the strongest advocates of the total abolition of slavery.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

Advertisements inserted at the rate of 75 cents per square—each subsequent insertion 25 cents. A liberal discount made to yearly advertisers, and on long advertisements.

A space equal to twelve lines of this type measured as a square.

Special notices 25 per cent. addition to regular rates.

Business cards, 75 cents a line, per year.

Marriages and Deaths, Religious, Political and other Notices of a public nature, free.

THE BEAVER ARGUS

Wednesday, April 13, 1864.

D. L. IMBRIE, Editor & Proprietor.

For President in 1864,

ABRAHAM LINCOLN,

OF ILLINOIS.

For Vice President,

ANDREW G. CURTIN

OF PENNSYLVANIA.

NOTICE.

HAVING sold to D L. Imbrie, present Editor & Proprietor of the Beaver *Argus*, my accounts for Subscription, Advertising, &c., all those indebted will please call and settle with him. T. C. NICHOLSON.

REMOVAL.—The ARGUS OFFICE has been removed to the room over Dr. Cummins' Drug Store, nearly opposite our old office, where we may be found at all times, ready to attend to the wants of our friends and patrons. Entrance at the North side of the building.

☞Owing to the rush of new advertisements this week we are compelled to delay several communications and other matter, until next week.

UNION COUNTY CONVENTION.

All those who are in favor of the preservation and perpetuity of the Union at every hazard, the Constitution and the Laws, and the suppression of Rebellion, are requested to meet at their places of holding elections, on Saturday, April 23d, at 5 o'clock, p. m., in the country districts, and 7 o'clock, p. m. in the boroughs, to appoint the usual number of Delegates to the County Convention to be held in the COURT HOUSE, BEAVER, on *Monday, April 25th, 1864, at 11 a. m.*, for the purpose of electing delegates to the State and National Conventions.

By order of County Committee.

D. L. IMBRIE, Ch'n.

Dreadful Accident on the C. & P. Railroad.

On Wednesday morning, the 6th inst., as a young lady named Mary Might, was leaving the cars of the mail train at Industry, in this county, she alighted just as the morning accommodation was coming up, and before she could escape the train struck her and the wheels passing over her, crushed both her legs, and otherwise mangled her in a most horrible manner. Surgical aid was called as promptly as possible, and the mangled limbs of the unfortunate and slaughtered girl were amputated; but, after lingering in great agony, she died on Thursday morning.

We do know that a train should never be permitted to pass another train, stopping at a station, whilst passengers are getting on and off. If the company has a rule prohibiting such passing, it is certainly every day violated by the officers in charge, endangering the lives and limbs of those who are necessarily there. At any rate, in the above case, the train could have been stopped in time to save the girl's life. It is but one of the many instances of the reckless and criminal indifference of conductors and engineers on our railroads, and calls loudly for some change in their management. In this case we feel satisfied there was something wrong, and it certainly demands, at the hands of our authorities, a full and fair investigation, and if the persons in charge of either train was guilty of gross negligence, or wanton disregard of human life, let them be promptly arrested and punished. It is time that a public example should be made of such persons. Let us not hear of the stereotyped report of those who are interested, that *"No one was to blame."* We hope the Coroner will attend to this matter promptly, and if any one is found to be guilty of negligence, or in any way instrumental in destroying the life of Miss Might, hand him over to the officers of the law, that he may be punished as he deserves. This the public and the cause of justice and humanity demands.

The New Apportionment Bill

Under the Apportionment Bill, which has just been reported by the Committee in both branches of the Legislature, Allegheny county is allowded five members and two senators; Washington and Beaver one senator and three members; Butler, Armstrong and Lawrence one senator; Butler and Lawrence three members; Armstrong, Greene and Fayette one; Westmoreland and Indiana three members; Crawford and Erie one senator and four members; Westmoreland, Fayette and Greene one senator; Mercer, Venango and Warren one; Cambria, Indiana and Jefferson one; Somerset, Bedford and Fulton one senator and two members; Clarion, Forrest, Elk, Cameron and Clearfield one senator; Clarion one member, Clearfield and Elk one; Jefferson and Forrest one.

The Progress We Have Made.

People of all classes in the North grow impatient at what they call our slow progress in carrying on the war and restoring the seceded States to the Union, and the nations of Europe anxious to get cotton, or see the total distruction of this great Republic, complain loudly of the slowness of our movements. They forget how tardy England and France were in the Crimean war, and that Mexico, a small and unwarlike people, destitute of means of any kind to defend themselves, held out for more than a year against France, now considered the first among the military powers of Europe. There the French armies have had to contend against the disadvantages of being on the outside, which gives to those acting in the defensive in the interior a great superiority in many respects.

They can and have secured all the hill tops, narrow mountain passes, and every fortified place which compel the invader to advance cautiously and with great difficulty and danger.—Just such difficulties as these, only far greater, have our government had to contend with in its great duty of crushing this rebellion. The rebels, by rapid and most unscrupulous violence, seized every position of defence, overpowered and disarmed every loyal man in the South. To overcome these great advantages, has required all the working powers of our Government and our loyal armies, and against which their heroic courage and untiring energy could not accomplish much in a short time. Yet with all the disadvantages against us, we will show that great success has been gained and much accomplished towards restoring the Union and compelling the rebellious States to submit to the authority of the Government. English tories and American copperheads should be rebuked for their utterance of the shameless and mean and pitiful falsehood that we have done nothing toward the accomplishment of our great design. Let them look, if not blinded by their malignity, upon the map of this immense territory which we have wrested from the grasp of the traitors.—Let them look upon the vast extent of sea-coast, with all its bays and large waters, and streams emptying into the ocean from Fortress Monroe, down to the Gulf of Mexico, and along its shore to the Mississippi and up to its source. All this extent of sea cost, and nearly all the fortresses, and many important cities and towns, have been taken by our soldiers and sailors, and are now securely held by us, keeping the rebels confined *world* the interior and by presenting his name and urging his nomination at this time. They can have no possible hope of success. Disguise it as they may, it is nevertheless true, that the people are for Mr Lincoln, and no other candidate can secure their united support. Knowing this, we would urge those who would prefer another man, not to press or even present his name when there is no possibility of success, and when it may, and will, injure and distract the party Submit quietly to the will of the majority, of the great masses of the party. Everything depends upon our harmony and Union, and we sincerely trust that no one who has the interests of the party and the country at heart, will contribute in the least to divide or disunite the party in interest or feeling.

tious and malignant copperheads, after surveying of the kind we have mentioned, should direct their attention to the border States, and examine our situation in Virginia, Maryland, Kentucky, Tennessee and Missouri, States which were forced into the vortex of treason, and see how much territory remains even nominally in them, under the despotic sway of Jeff. Davis. Look further and see the condition of affairs in Louisiana, Mississippi, Texas and Alabama. Rebeldom has been cut in twain, and her means of traversing as rapidly as they once did their interior lines, greatly diminished. Thus every intelligent man will see at a very slight glance what has been accomplished, and many see the glorious result of the approaching campaign. But with all the progress we have made, more could have been accomplished and peace would long ere this have been restored to our country, if the malignant copperheads, foes of the Government and friends of the traitors, had united with us in support of the Government. But, instead of doing so, we find all over the North, factions united together to thwart the efforts of the Administration, and destroy the lives of our soldiers. Members of Congress who had better be in Richmond, spouting forth their treason every day, and the copperhead members of the Pennsylvania Senate, giving their feeble mite to encourage the rebels and prolong the war.

In spite of all their fiendish and malignant purposes and conduct, the end is fast approaching when the rebellion will be crushed, traitors punished, and the Union restored. Then will copperheads meet the scorn and condemnation of all good men.

A GOOD MOVEMENT.—We are glad to perceive that our enterprising townswoman, Mrs. Robinson, has opened a Periodical and Newspaper depot, on the North side of the Diamond, next door to the residence of her father, General Carter. This is a want of which we in Beaver have long felt the need, and we have no doubt that Mrs. Robinson will meet with that patronage which her enterprise deserves. Give her a call, and examine for yourselves. She intends to keep all the Magazines, Reviews, Weeklies, etc.; also, all kinds of stationery and all other such articles.

"Fremont Clubs."

We observe in our exchanges that the friends and admirers of John C. Fremont, are laboring zealously and faithfully to promote his interests and secure, if possible, his nomination for the Presidency. A Fremont Club was organized in Pittsburg last week, and like clubs are being organized at different places throughout the country.

We have ever been friendly to Gen Fremont, and believe he has claims upon the party for their confidence and support, and qualifications sufficient to enable him to discharge, with credit, the duties of a Chief Magistrate of the nation. He was the first choice of the party on its organization and accepted the nomination when the result was uncertain, and the attempt to elect merely an experiment. The favor with which his nomination was received then is sufficient to convince us that he has a hold upon the affections of the people and a popularity that few others in the party have. His course since that has been exemplary and commends him still more to our regard. Immensely wealthy; he could have lived at his ease in affluence and splendor; but we find him immediately on the breaking out of war tendering his services to the Government and accepting, without a murmur, the several positions assigned him, and the frequent and seemingly unaccountable changes and removals. We have always believed he deserved a better fate, and that, as a General, he not only did render good services to the country, but was capable of rendering still more. His campaign in Missouri, much as it has been criticised, proves conclusively his capacity to organize and equip an army, secure its affection and confidence, and handle it with energy and ability. But it is not our intention in this article to point out his many good deeds and his claims upon us for support. We are willing to ascribe to him all the praise and credit to which he is justly entitled. We believe him to be worthy of the nation's confidence—an honest, unflinching patriot and a consistent anti slavery advocate. But we do not believe it would be best for the interests of the country, or of the party, to nominate him over Mr. Lincoln for the Presidency. We have often presented Mr. Lincoln's claims, that we will not now refer to them, only adding that believing him not only entitled to the nomination, but more, that the party and the country requires that he should be nominated, we have been and will continue to be in favor of his nomination. Gen'l Fremont's friends

[Correspondence of the Pittsburg Commercial.]

Excitement in the House.

WASHINGTON, April 10.—Saturday was one of the most exciting days of the session. Immediately upon calling the House to order, without waiting for the journal to be read, the Speaker, Mr. Colfax, calling Mr. Rollins, of New Hampshire, to the Chair, introduced a resolution to expel Mr. Long, of Ohio, for using treasonable utterances in a written speech on Friday afternoon. The language complained of was that the only alternative before the country was to acknowledge the Southern Confederacy, or to subjugate and exterminate the Southern people, and he preferred the former.

Mr. Colfax supported the resolution in a brief speech and was followed by Mr. Cox, who disclaimed for himself and party any sympathy with the sentiments argued by Long, and quoted the words of Greely and others, in 1861, and of speech of Conway in the last Congress, mostly in defence of the right of revolution which Cox confounded with the right of secession. Mr. Cox declared that although the Democratic party desired to conciliate by continually offering amnesty to the rebels, they were for the Union by any means, come peace come war! Mr. Cox did his very best to divert attention from the direct issue.

Mr. Kelly followed with one of his characteristic speeches.

James C. Allen, with his usual dullness argued Parliamentary points.

Mr. Garfield showed a vital difference between the right of revolution and the right of secession, and brought the House back to the real question, eloquently urging that speeches like Long's were better calculated to give the rebels aid and comfort in the way they most desired than anything else.

Messrs. Harris, of Maryland, Fernando Wood, Mallory, Pendleton and several others rose simultaneously at the conclusion of Garfield's speech.—The floor was awarded to Mr. Harris, and the members crossed over to that side of the Chamber to hear him till the House looked like a town meeting, with tall bald headed men making a harrangue in the centre. Mr. Harris felicitated himself on an opportunity to come to the rescue of one who had so nearly coincided with him in sentiment, and who was exposed to the tyranny of a frantic majority.—Warming up with the subject, Mr. Harris began to gesticulate violently, and denounced as liars all those who affirm that slavery is the sum of all villainy, and said he would never vote a man or dollar for this infernal war, and finally invoked Almighty God that the South might never be subjugated.

At this point cries of order were heard in several parts of the hall, and Mr Tracy, of Pennsylvania, commenced speaking in a loud tone of voice, but could not be heard by reason of the confusion. The Speaker pounded on his desk, and orderded the members to take their seats.

After order had been partially restored Mr. Washburne, of Illinois, demanded the reading of the Clerk's desk, which being done, he objected to the further continuance of the speech, as being out of order, and offered a resolution that Mr. Harris be expelled.

The Speaker sustained the point of order, and Mr. Harris sat down.

Fernando Wood got the floor for the purpose of reading a portion of Long's speech to which objection had been taken by Colfax. Mr. Wood said he endorsed every word Long uttered, and hoped he might be included in the resolution of expulsion.

As Mr. Long's speech had not yet been published in the *Globe*, Mr. Colfax moved that his resolution be postponed till 2 o'clock Monday, which was unanimously agreed to.

Mr. Washburne then demanded the previous question on his resolution to expel Harris. The vote was immediately taken, the Democrats making a slight opposition to instant action. The resolution was lost by a strict party vote of yeas 81, nays 58—two thirds being required to adopt it. The only Democrat who voted for expulsion was Bailey, of Pennsylvania. Frank Blair voted the same way. Brutus J. Clay, and Rollins, of Missouri, and even Odell, voted against it. Mr. Stebbins, of N. Y., was on the floor but did not record his name. The total vote was the largest for weeks.

Immediately on the announcement of the result, Schenck moved a resolution severely censuring Harris. The following members of the opposition voted for Schenck's resolution of censure: Bailey, Cox, English, Ganson, Harrington and Winfield. Those who voted against censure were J. C. Allen, Ancona, Bliss, Chandler, Dennison, Eden, Eldridge, Law, Leblond, Miller, Pa., Morrison, Pendleton, Pruyn, Randall, Pa., Ross, Strouse, C. White and F. Wood. It is noticeable that not a Border State member voted against censuring Harris, while many, including Thomas of Maryland, voted both for expulsion and censure.

Although the Democrats voted solid on Harris' resolution, and are likely to do so on Long's resolution, the leaders are much exercised over Long's speech on Friday, the extreme frankness of which they regard as exceedingly injurious to the prospects of the party. Though read to empty benches, and not characterized by ability of statement, it has been elevated by subsequent events into the most prominent subject of discussion in political circles.

EXCHANGE OF PRISONERS.—The Baltimore *Clipper* says: We have already announced the fact that an exchange of prisoners was being arranged by Rutler and Ould, at Fortress Monroe, and we rejoice now to learn that the terms of exchange will enable us to receive at home all our poor fellows now in Dixie suffering all the horrors of their worse than Calcutta black holes.

Public Sentiment

There is something peculiarly gratifying in the announcement of the real advance of public sentiment in our country, on the great questions of the day, that we feel something akin to exultation in making the bare announcement. Let us look at the record of the past week then, and see where we stand:

First, then, Maryland is at last a free State by the vote of her own citizens. Her vote was almost unanimous; at least the majority is greater than ever given by that State before. Baltimore city, where the Massachusetts soldiers were fired upon in April, 1861, now gives in April, 1864, nine thousand majority for immediate and unconditional emancipation. The line of freedom is thus extended, says the N. Y. *Tribune*, to the pickets of Lee's army South of the Rapidan.

Next, we have the glorious news from Connecticut, the land of steady habits. The majority here, for the Republican Governor is over six thousand, a gain of more that three hundred per cent, over the last Governor's election.

Then Rhode Island, on Tuesday, elected a Union Governor, and a large majority of her Legislature.

Fourthly: the Senate of the United States passed the amendments to the Constitution, forever prohibiting slavery in the United States.

So the good wook goes on.

☞The British army this year numbers 147,116 men.

Union State Convention.

The loyal men of Pennsylvania, comprising the National Union party, will meet in State Convention, in the Hall of the House of Representatives at Harrisburg, at noon,

ON THURSDAY, APRIL 28TH, 1864.

Each district will be entitled to the same representation it now has in the State Legislature, and the delegates will be chosen at such times and in such manner as shall be directed by the respective county committee.

The State Convention is called for the purpose of placing in nomination an Electoral Ticket, selecting delegates at large to the National Convention of the Union Party, to be held at Baltimore on the 7th of June next, and taking such action as it may deem proper in reference to the approaching Presidential canvass.

The selection of the district delegates from Pennsylvania to the National Convention is left, where it properly belongs, to the people assembled in there county convention; but the different county committees are earnestly requested to adopt such measures as will procure a full attendance at their respective conventions and thereby secure, in the choice of delegates, a full and fair expression of the will of the people.

The committee cannot forbear to congratulate all lovers of liberty and the Union upon the recent triumphs of the good cause in New Hampshire and Connecticut, and to express the hope, shared by all loyal men, that they are only the forerunners of more splendid victories soon to be won in the same cause alike by the bullet and the ballot.

In behalf of the Union State Central Committee:

WAYNE McVEIGH, Chairman.
GEO. W. HAMERSLEY, } Sec'ts.
W. W. HAYS }

☞Alex. Long, whose expulsion from the House was moved by Speaker Colfax, is the "Democratic" member from the 2d District of Ohio, (the city of Cincinnati.) The principal point of his treasonable speech, delivered on Friday was as follows:]

"There were only two two questions: First, the recognition of the Confederacy; and, second, the continuation of the war for the subjugation of the South. Of the two, he preferred the former. He believed the Democratic party were for peace, and would be placed in a false position if they nominated a war candidate."

Mr. Garfield, in adverting to the resolution, said that the question of rights in human affairs is relative to this question. What might have been said with propriety and loyalty three years ago could not be said to-day.—He might vote against the declaration of war, but when it was made he was bound to take part against the enemy.

This country has committed itself to putting this rebellion down. The gentleman from Ohio (Long) had said no more than Jefferson Davis would [illegible] yesterday, which should be rebuked.

Mr. Harris, of Maryland, endorsed every sentence uttered by Mr. Long, and he would stand by him for weal or woe. If there was honesty in the Democratic party they would rise like a hurricane and sweep away those who were praying upon the very vitals of the Republic. He (Harris) was not only in favor of recognizing the Southern Confederacy, but of acquiescing in secession.

☞*"Is not the war waged entirely for the benefit of the negro?"*

No! The United States has done little directly for the negro, but in abolishing slavery, has simply fought the rebellion which is slavery. It has shown no generosity to the slave, but has granted him justice. That the war is for the benefit of the colored race is true, but we imparatively declare that the good that the black inferiority will win from the abolition of slavery is eclipsed by the surpassing good to the white majority. Again, if the war were not against slavery it could not be a war, for slavery is the only enemy that we have.

"Am I not a better Unionist than you, because I am willing to restore the Southern State to their old privileges, to horror, even with slavery?

No! For you, by recognizing slavery, would re-establish the Union on a disunion basis. You would even do more than pardon the criminal; you would restore the crime. We are the only true Unionists because we want to destroy the element of disunion, and thus use the war to obtain permanent peace; a Union without cause of quarrel.—*Phil. Press.*

THINK OF THIS.—"I'll take your paper if you'll let me have it for a dollar and a half a year, just as you used to," says old 400 acres and money at interest. We suppose so; and we will take what butter you have to sell if you will let us have it at a shilling a pound, just as you used to, and your surplus potatoes if you will let us have them at two shillings a bushel, just as you used to. Friend, two years ago we could buy more and better paper for $50 than we can now for $100. Two years ago you sold potatoes for two to three shillings; now they are worth six, and you expect to sell some for a dollar before long. In fact everything you have to sell has doubled in price within the last two years. Our paper was furnished too low then, and at $200 now, it is not what it should be in proportion to the price of everthing else.—*Exchange.*

☞The Union ticket for charter officers was elected in Princeton, N. J., last week—Hezekiah Mount, the candidate for Mayor, having about 50 majority. Last year the Democracy had 80.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

BY virtue of an order of Orphans' Court, of the County of Beaver, the undersigned will expose to sale by Public Vendue or out-cry, on the premises, on

THURSDAY, May 12th, 1864,

at 1 o'clock, P. M. the following described property, being part of the estate of Samuel Kelly, late of the Borough of New Brighton, dec'd., now belonging to his minor children, to wit: The one equal moiety or the undivided half of that piece, parcel or lots of ground in the said Borough of New Brighton, being parts of water lots numbered seven and eight, adjoining each other, and bounded as follows, viz: No. 7, measuring forty-five feet in width and extending from a thirty feet street, on the east side of the race of the New Brighton Water Company, westward to the Beaver river; No. 8, measuring fifty-feet in width and extending as above, from said street to said river.

The portions of said lots being bounded as follows, to-wit: on the north by water lot No. 6, now the property of B. & W. Wild, on the east by street before mentioned, on the eastern side of said race, on the south by water lot No. 9, also belonging to the said B. & W. Wilde, and on the west by said Beaver river, also, the equal moiety or undivied half of all the residue of said water lot No. 7, measuring forty-five feet in width and extending from the canal to the thirty feet street before mentioned; also the same undivided proportion (or one undivided half part) of seven shares of water, each share being equal to the one-hundredth part of all the water furnished by said race, upon which is erected a new Stone Grist Mill, measuring on the out side thirty six feet six inches in width by forty-five feet six inches in length, and measuring inside thirty-two feet inches by forty-one feet. Three stones high above the basement, two water-wheels and four pair of burrs.

TERMS.—One-third of the purchase money on confirmation of sale by the Court, balance in two equal annual payments from that date, with interest from same time.

By order of the Court,
FRANCIS W. WILLIAMS,
ROBERT MEHARD,
Administrators of the Estate of Samuel Kelly, dec'd.
April, 13, 1864.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court, of the county of Beaver, the undersigned will expose to sale by Public Vendue, or out-cry, on the premises, on

Monday, May 16th, 1864,

at 1 o'clock, P. M. of said day, the undivided two-ninths, part or moiety (subject to the life estate of Nancy Harger, widow of Michael Harger, dec'd.,) in all the following described real estate belonging to Thomas Harger and Anne Harger, minor children of Michael Harger, dec'd., to wit: All the interest of said Thomas Harger and Anne Harger, in a certain farm or tract of land, situated in New Sewickly township, in said county, bounded as follows, viz: Beginning at a post at the north-west corner, thence along lands owned formerly by Thomas M'Kee, thence along lands owned by (widow) Sarah M'Cracken, thence along lands owned by George M'Cracken, thence along lands owned by William Ford, thence along lands owned by Henry Wolf, thence along lands owned by Samuel Hendrickson, thence along lands owned Reuben Hendrickson, thence along lands owned by James Sproat, thence along lands owned by John Reno, thence along land owned by Thomas M'Kee, thence along land owned by William Smith, thence along lands owned by William and David Stewart, to the place of beginning; containing in all about one hundred and forty-five acres of land more or less, about 80 acres cleared and under cultivation, balance timbered. The premises watered. There is a mill-seat and good mill-dam on the same.

There are on the premises, a frame house and frame barn of good size, and other outbuildings; some fruit trees on the premises; water convenient. The undivided two-ninths part of the above described premises will be got widow of Michael Harger, dec'd.

TERMS.—One-third of the purchase money on the confirmation of the sale by the court, balance in two equal, annual payments from that date, with interest thereon from same time. By order of the Court:

MARY HARGER,
Guardian of Thos. and Anne Harger.
apr13 64

BEAVER COUNTY, ss:

SEAL IN the Orphans' Court in and for said county, before the Hon Judges of said Court. In the matter of the petition for partition of the real estate of Mary Ewing, dec'd., and daughter of Samuel Campbell, late of Economy township, Beaver county, dec'd., and Low to wit: March 12, 1864, rule on the heirs and legal representatives of said dec'd., viz: Sarah Jane, intermarried with William Thomas, who resides in the county of Montgomery, State of Ohio; Eliza Ewing, at present living in Covington, Fountain County, Indiana, and Thomas Ewing, now belonging to the Army of the United States, Co. D, 52d Indiana Volunteers, now in Tennessee; Alexander Ewing, father of the aforesaid children, and husband of the aforesaid Mary Ewing, dec'd., now residing in Danville, Hendricks County, Indiana, and all others interested, to shew cause if any they have why an inquest to make partition of the real estate of said dec'd., should not be awarded at an Orphans' Court, to be held in Beaver, in and for said county, on the first Monday of June next.

A True Copy of Rule.

Attest: JOHN A. FRAZIER, Cl'k.

NOTICE.—To the heirs and legal representatives of Mary Ewing, dec'd.: You and each of you are hereby notified to be and appear at the time and place mentioned in the foregoing Rule, for the purpose therein set forth.

JOS. LEDLIE, Sh'ff.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE,
Beaver, apr. 12, 64.

NOTICE IN PATITION.

IN the Orphans' Court, in and for the county of Beaver, and State of Pennsylvania: To the heirs and legal representatives of James Duncan, late of Ohio tp. in said county, dec'd: Take notice that by virtue of a writ of partition, issued out of the Orphans' Court of said county, and to me directed, an Inquisition to make partition or valuation of the real estate of said dec'd., (situate in Industry tp., in said county) will be held on the premises, on the 12th day of May, 1864, at which time and place you may attend if you think proper.

JOSEPH LEDLIE, Sh'ff.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE,
Beaver, Apr. 12, '64.

Estate of Jas. Carothers, dec'd.

LETTERS testamentary on the estate of JAMES CARTHERS, late of Greene twp., Beaver county, deceased, having been issued to the undersigned, all persons indebted are required to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them, properly authenticated for settlement.

ROBT. WHITEHILL, Executor,
apr13'64 Hanover tp.

WALL PAPERS,

WINDOW SHADES,

BORDERS,

DECORATIONS, and every article in the Paper Hanging line, are now offered to the Trade, and buyers generally, at the lowest prices possible. ☞Call and see at No. 107 Market st., near Fifth, Pittsburg.

JOS. S. HUGHES.

JAMES S. RUTAN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

(DISTRICT ATTORNEY,)

BEAVER, PENN'A.

☞Office in the Court House.

DRY GOODS

FOR THE

MILLION,

AT

GARDNER & SCHLEITERS,

SUCCESSORS TO

E. R. GARDNER & CO.,

92 Market St.,

PITTSBURGH,

Between Fifth st. and Diamond.

WE take the liberty to inform our friends of Beaver county that we have largely increased our facilities for carrying on the

Dry Goods Business,

at our old stand. Our entire attention will be devoted to the increase of our business which the interest of our customers will be sustained and promoted by every means in our power.

NEW SPRING SILKS

Our stock will comprise all [illegible] the the Novelties in latest [illegible] cluding repps in all colors, plain and [illegible] blacks, plain silks in all [illegible] brocade silks, Swiss and [illegible] which we will sell at such low [illegible] can fail to be suited.

DRESS GOODS.

Our stock will be found replete, comprising over One Hundred different styles, in French, English, and German fabrics of the latest importations, at prices as low as [illegible]

CLOAKS, SHAWLS,

AND

LACE GOODS.

We shall be in receipt of daily from New York, and our assortment, and prices for cheapness, will be found second to none in the city. To this department we call particular attention.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.

Linens, sheeting and pillow linens, Marsailes and honey comb quilts, in white blue and pink, napkins, towles, linen [illegible] covers, and Irish linens, always on hand at the lowest prices.

CLOAKING CLOTHS.

Cassimeres in plain and fancy, union cloths tweeds, sattinett, corduroys, and men and boys wear of all kinds; the best stock in the city, at the lowest prices.

SALMORAL AND HOOP SKIRTS.

of which we are the sole agent of several celebrated makes, which we will sell to our customers at wholesale prices.

DOMESTIC GOODS.

Domestic and imported flannels. Our stock will be found large, and well assorted, and our prices will be made so moderate as to place them within reach of all.

MOURNING GOODS.

CHEAP, CHEAP, CHEAP

KID GLOVES AND CORSETS.

Persons visiting the city for the purpose purchasing Dry Goods, are respectfully invited to call, as our entire stock will be found

New, Desirable and Cheap.

GARDNER & SCHLEITERS,

92

Market Street,

Pittsburgh,

BETWEEN FIFTH STREET AND DIAMOND.

WASHINGTON, April 7, 1864.

The following important changes and assignments have been made:

Major-Gen. P. H. Sheridan is assigned to the command of the Cavalry Corps of the Army of the Potomac.

The 11th and 12th Corps are to be consolidated, and called the 1st Army Corps, and Major Gen. Joseph Hooker is assigned to the command.

Major Gen. G. Granger is relieved from the command of the Army Corps, and Major Gen. O. O. Howard is assigned to it in his stead.

Major Gen. Schofield is assigned to the command of the 23d Army Corps.

Major Gen. Slocum is ordered to report to Major Gen. Sherman, commanding the division of the Mississippi and Major Gen. Stoneman to Major-Gen Schofield, commanding the Department of the Ohio, for assignment.

Major Gen. Granger is ordered to report to the Adjutant-General of the Army.

Capt. Horace Porter of the United States Ordnance Department is designated as Aid de Camp to Lieut.-Gen. Grant, with the rank of Lieutenant Colonel.

EUROPEAN VIEW OF THE PRESIDENCY.—A distinguished American residing in Europe writes as follows to a friend in Washington: "In Europe the Americans are almost unanimous for Mr. Lincoln for a second term. He has done so well—been so honest and faithful—that it would not be expedient to drop him now. It would, I think, have a bad effect upon American securities, of which so many millions are being sent here. It is a part of our system that we change officers so often and when one has been in Europe he cannot but see it in this light. The Emancipation Proclamation disarmed all opposition in Europe. It was astonishing what influence it had, and what friends it made for us."

☞ Dr. Tobias' VENETIAN LINIMENT has given universal satisfaction during the fourteen years it has been introduced in the United States. After being tried by millions, it has been proclaimed the prime destroyer of the world. Pain cannot be where this Liniment is applied. If used as directed it cannot, and never has failed in a single instance. For colds, coughs and influenza, it can't be beat. One 25 cent bottle will cure all the above evils besides being useful in every family for sudden accidents, such as burns, cuts, scalds, insect stings, &c. It is perfectly innocent to take internally, and can be given to the oldest person or youngest child. Price 25 and 50 cents a bottle. Office 56 Cortland Street, New-York. Sold by all Druggists.

NEW YORK, April 9.—The *Herald* publishes a dispatch from the Army of the Potomac, stating that Gen. Grant visited the extreme front on Friday, and made a close observation of the regiments and brigades as he passed along, expressing himself highly satisfied with their condition. He also made a careful reconnoissance of the enemy's *defensive* works on the *Rapidan, and returned to headquarters the same evening.*

Commodore W. D. Porter is very ill and in a sinking condition, in this city.

☞ An order from the War Department, to the Provost Marshals of Ohio, discharging from the United States service four privates belonging to different regiments, for the reason that they were of "insufficient age," being under 18, has been received at Cincinnati. The order directs that the expenses of their enlistment be deducted from the pay of the officers concerned in the examination and muster and one half to be deducted from the pay of the surgeon who examined them, and one half from the officer who mustered them into the service.

☞ During Gen. Sherman's expedition, a wounded Federal officer crawled into the yard of a secesh planter, when the latter took an axe, and, with fiendishness scarcely credible, struck him on the head, killing him instantly. A scouting party of Federal soldiers coming up shortly after, the negro told them of it, when they immediately shot the planter, and placed him in the house, which they burned to the ground.

PHILADELPHIA, April 8, 1864.

A special Cincinnati dispatch to *The Bulletin* says:

Notwithstanding the Rebel Buford's assurance that he intends to remain permanently in Kentucky, it is reported that Forrest is maneuvering to get out of the State, by dividing his forces into small detachments and slipping them off through by-ways.

FEELING IN THE ARMY.—One of Gen. McClellan's staff officers, now with his regiment in the Army of the Potomac, says that the reports of the devotion of the soldiers to "Little Mac" are greatly exaggerated, and that Biddle would carry the army vote by an overwhelming majority over him or any other candidate.

FORTRESS MONROE, April 7, 1864.

Two steamers, the New-York and the Express, left to-day, under flag of truce, for City Point to bring down all the Union officers and soldiers now prisoners of war at Richmond, about a thousand in number.

☞ Dr. Thos. Donehoo, late of Wellsville, Ohio, having located in Beaver, will receive calls at his office in the Southern extremity of the National Hotel, in this place.

MARRIED—April 7th, at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. A. W. Boyd, Mr. JAMES R. DUNCAN, of Crestline, O., to Miss MARY A. M'MILLAN, of Beaver county.

April 7th, by Rev Granger, Mr. ALBERT KAISER to Miss JOSEPHINE WAGNER, all of Phillipsburg, Beaver county.

U. S. INTERNAL REVENUE

ANNUAL TAXES FOR 1864.

The attention of taxpayers is hereby called to the provisions of the United States Excise Law relative to the assessment of annual taxes.

By the sixth section of the act of July 1, 1862, it is made the duty of all persons, partnerships, firms, associations, or corporations, made liable to any annual duty, license, or tax, *on or before the first Monday of May in each year*, to make a list or return to the Assistant Assessor of the District where located of the amount of annual income, the articles or objects charged with a special tax, and the business or occupation liable to pay any license.

Every person who shall fail to make such return by the day specified will be liable to be assessed by the Assessor according to the best information which he can obtain; and in such case the Assessor is required to add fifty per centum to the amount of the items of such list.

Every person who shall deliver to an Assessor any false or fraudulent list or statement, with intent to evade the valuation or enumeration required by law, is subject to a fine of five hundred dollars; and in such case the list will be made out by the Assessor or Assistant Assessor, and from the valuation and enumeration so made there can be no appeal.

Payment of the annual taxes, except those for licenses, will not be demanded until the thirtieth day of June.

The appropriate blanks on which to make returns, and all necessary information, will be furnished by Geo. W. Hamilton Eli Reno, and Wm. R. Trimble, Assistant Assessors for this county, to whom the returns should be delivered, on or before the first Monday of May, at their offices, in Beaver, New Brighton and Hookstown respectively.

SAM'L. DAVENPORT,
U. S. Ass'r, 24th Dist.

Beaver, Feb. 27th, 1864.

PRO. MARSHAL'S OFFICE, 24TH DIST, PA
New Brighton, Feb. 8, 64.

Editor Argus: Dear Sir: The enlistment fee of $15 for new recruits, and $25 for veterans, will be paid to any non-commissioned officer, private or citizen, who presents an acceptable recruit at this office.

JOHN CUTHBERTSON.
Captain and Provost Marshal.

Beaver Markets.

CORRECTED WEEKLY FOR THE "ARGUS."

Flour per bbl.		$7 00
do per 100 lbs		3 75
Dried Apples per bushel		1 75
do Peaches	"	3 50
Wheat	"	1 40
Corn	"	1 20
Rye	"	1 00
Oats	"	75
Barley	"	
Clover Seed,	"	8 00
Timothy Seed,	"	3 00
Flax Seed,	"	3 00
Beans,	"	2 75
Potatoes,	"	70
Onions,	"	1 25
Dried Meat,	" dozen	20
Eggs,	"	35
Butter,	" lb	17
Hams,	"	13
Shoulders,	"	13
Sides,	"	14
Tallow,	"	10
Lard,	"	16
Candles,	"	16
Soap,	"	10
Molasses,	" Gallon	80
Carbon Oil,	"	75

Time Table.

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH, R. R.

Beaver Station—GOING EAST.

Commencing, Monday, Nov 16, 1863.—*Trains leave Beaver Station as follows:*

8:30 A. M.	Arrives at Pittsburgh,	10:00 A. M.
2:20 P. M.	" "	3:50 P. M.
6:54 P. M.	" "	8:50 P. M.

GOING WEST—

Trains leave Pittsburgh as follows:

6:15 A. M.	Arrives at Beaver,	7:45 A. M.
3:00 P. M.	" "	4:25 P. M.
1:45 P. M.	Rochester	3:00 P. M.
1:45 A. M.	"	3:10 A. M.

J. N. M'CULLOUGH, *Pres't.*
F. R. MYERS, *Gen'l Ticket Agent.*

PITTSBURG, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R.

Rochester Station—GOING EAST.

Leaves Rochester		Arr. at Pitts.
1st Brigh'n Accom.	6:40 A. M.	7:20 A. M.
2d Brigh'n "	8:10 A. M.	8:40 A. M.
3d Brigh'n "	12:20 P. M.	2:35 P. M.
4th Brighton "	3:06 P. M.	4:50 P. M.
Mail,	5:15 P. M.	7:00 P. M.
1st Express,	1:05 A. M.	2:20 A. M.
2d Express,	2:05 P. M.	3:30 P. M.
Accom'n Exp.	6:45 P. M.	7:50 P. M.

GOING WEST—

Leaves Pitts.		Arr. at Rochester.
Crestline Accom.	2:15 P. M.	4:00 P. M.
1st Brigh'n Accom.	9:15 A. M.	11:00 A. M.
2d Brigh'n "	12:00 A. M.	1:52 P. M.
3d " "	4:30 P. M.	6:10 P. M.
4th " "	5:30 P. M.	7:20 P. M.
Mail,	7:00 A. M.	8:20 A. M.
1st Express,	1:45 A. M.	3:00 A. M.
2d Express,	1:44 P. M.	3:00 P. M.

AUG. BRADLEY, Supt., E. D.

NOTICE TO TEACHERS.

THE Board of Directors of the Independent School District of Borough Township wish to employ two male and four female teachers, for a term of 6 months, commencing May 2d. The County Superintendent will meet with the Board at the School House, in the borough of Beaver, on Wednesday, the 20th inst., at 1 o'clock, p. m., to examine any persons who may desire it and wish to apply for the school; immediately after which the Board will contract with such persons as may be employed.

H. HICE,
apr. 6, '64. Sec'y. of the Board.

Spring and Summer GOODS

THE subscriber is now receiving his NEW GOODS, direct from Philadelphia, of the newest styles of

Ladies' Dress Goods & Gent's Wear,

which were selected by one of the ablest and most experienced merchants there, and will be sold at a small advance from cost.

Beaver, Apr. 4, '64. THOS. M'CREERY.

WANTED—By an an eminent member of the legal profession, 10,000 Large Cats—to be delivered at the Market House, in Beaver, on or before May 1st, '64.

TREASURER'S SALE!

NOTICE is hereby given, that in pursuance of an act of Assembly of the Commonwealth, passed the 13th day of March 1815, entitled "An act to amend an act directing the mode of selling unseated lands for taxes," &c., and the several subsequent acts supplemental thereto; and the several acts in conformity therewith, requiring and directing the sale of unseated lands for County, State, Boro', School and Road taxes; and the 41st section of the act of April 20th, 1844, authorizing and directing the return and sale of all real estate as unseated lands are now sold, in satisfaction of the taxes due and unpaid by the owners thereof; also, the acts authorizing the sale of unseated lots in the boroughs of Beaver, Bridgewater Rochester, and Fallston, borough taxes the following lots and tracts of unseated lands &c., in the County of Beaver, or so much thereof as will pay the arrearage of taxes accrued thereon for the years 1861 and 1862, and so much taxes of previous years as remain unpaid, will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House, in the Borough of Beaver, on

Monday the 13th of June next.

continuing the same by adjournment, if necessary.

JOHN CAUGHEY,
April 8th, 1864. Treasurer of Beaver Co.

☞ Persons desirous of paying the taxes due upon any lot or tract in the following list, are notified to do so before day of sale; and no property will be withheld from sale on a promise of payment.

NOTE.—All property marked with a star (*) is returned under the 41st section of the act of 29th of April 1846.

SALE LIST.

For the taxes of 1861 and 1862.

	ACR	No.	TAX.
Beaver Borough.			
Thompson William A. part in lots		38, 39	1 59
Craig Nevill B. " "		24	1 34
*Denny Wm H. " "		11	1 33
*Young Peter B. " "		39	70
Borough Township.			
Dickey John S. Academy lot		4	28
Hannen Mrs Jane, p art out lot	5	13	1 20
do " "	9¾	17	3 52
Davis Johnathan heirs of N. B. 1 out lot,	6¾	42	76
Mulvanon and Shannon's heirs S. H. and C. plan,	½ tax	34	16
Dickey John heirs of N. R. part out lot Sharon,		41	29
Stone David, 1 out lot	5	23	1 65
do do " "	¾		15
*Crickmore Francis D.N.R. part Academy lot,		4	20 1 32
* do do " "			44 59
*Nelson H. B. N. R. house and 3 lots Ross plan,			1.2.3 5 70
*Toy James heirs of N. R. house and Davidson's plan,			32 3 88
*Wray Thomas S. 1 house and ¼ lot Shannon's plan,			71
*Whitmore James N.R. 1 house and lot Sharon,			2 69
* do do " " 1 "			71
*Huffman " " house and lot,			95
*Reisinger William heirs of house and 2 lots S. and Co., plan,		61.62	3 00
*Scott A. N. R. " " Sharon,			2 60
* do do " " "			1 05
*Gardner Richard L. House and lot *Bridgewater Borough.*			10
Kemp Martin or John, lot			46
" " " " lot			9
" " " " lot			46
Mendenhall Harrison, ½ lot, Mendenhall's plan			21 86
" " " "			27 60
" " " "			24 60
Hays Joseph, part out lot Hays' plan,			5.6 18
" " " "			13
" " " "			18
" " " "			14
" " " "			16
*Stewart & Quinn, house and lot			8
*Heeson Henry heirs of, lot, Hemphill's plan			9
" " " "			46
*Small John Sr. N. R. lot,			9
*Shields D Heirs of, house and lot			46
*Baker Andrew 1 lot			
*Mitchell Hugh N. R., 1 lot			
*Rawdon Freeman 1 lot, Davidson's pl'n			
" " " " 1 lot, "			
" " " " 1 lot, "			
" " " " 1 lot, Porter's			
" " " " 1 lot, "			
" " " " 1 lot, "			
" " " " 1 lot, "			
" " " " 1 lot, "			
" " " " 1 lot, "			
" " " " part out lot Vera's			
*Taylor Miles M. house and lot			
*Power Thomas 1 lot			
" " " " 1 lot			
Big Beaver Tp.			
Blackburn's heirs, 1 lot			
Cranberry Tp.			
Beaver Manufacturing Co., Land			37
Darlington Tp.			
*Hardy A A 1 and adjoining J P Martin on West			
Darlington Borough.			
Owner unknown, 1 lot			
Franklin Township.			
Swan John heirs of 1 lot			
Boyd Wm 1 lot,			
Sandenbaker Martin 1 lot,			
Rogers James 1 lot,			2
P F W & C R R, Tank House and land			
" " " " 1 lot Baden,			
" " " " 1 lot Baden,			
Fallston Borough.			
Bradford B R 1 lot			
" " 1 lot			
" " 1 lot			
Mesmer Mrs Welsh Nancy 1 lot, Williams' plan			
" " 1 lot, "			
" " 1 lot, "			
" " 1 lot, "			
" " 1 lot, "			
Dundas James 1 lot			
" " 1 lot			
" " 1 lot			
" " 1 lot			
Mason Elizabeth 1 lot			
" " 1 lot			
" " 1 lot			
" " 1 lot			
" " 1 lot			
Church Presbyterian, 1 frame house & lot, Williams' plan			
Owner unknown, supposed Syl. Dunham			
*Kelly Robert, 1 Coal lot			
*Timothy Thos heirs of 1 out lot			
*Wilson Sarah 1 lot, Williams' plan			
* do do 1 lot,			do
* do do 1 lot,			do
* do do 1 lot,			do
* do do 1 lot,			do
* do do 1 lot,			do
* do do 1 lot,			do
*Mellon & Kelly Water lot			
*Fombell Lucien heirs of land			
* do do do do shop and 2 lots			
*Gill William tow path, *New Sewickley Township.*			
*Mack Lydia 1 lot Unionville			
*Betz J W land			
*Ford William house and land *North Sewickly Township.*			
David Ramsey land			
Hudson Richard land			
Robertson Jackson land			
*Welsh Henry house and lot			
*Chew Benjamin land			

Ohio Township.

*Steel William land			20
Briggs Henry 1 lot, West Salem			
do do 1 lot, do do			
M'Master Andrew land,			
Phillipsburgh Borough.			
Sproule Loomis & Co, house & lot and land			
Pulaski Township.			
M'Goire Mary land			8
Phillips Wm P land			5
do do do land			10
Raccoon Township.			
Neville Thomas land on river between Capt. Allen and Mr Jack,			10
Sterling Wm 1 lot			
Rochester Township.			
Davidson William part lot in Bolesville			
Porter Wm land			10
Hannen Joseph land			13
Hennon James 1 lot Henheus' pl			
*Logan Robert heirs of land			11
*P F W & C R R house and lot Ramsey's plan			
* do do do do land			½
*Reno Eliza do			50
*Linton John 2 lots parts of			
* do do land			5
* do do land			57
Rochester Borough.			
Boles Charles heirs of 1 lot Boles plan			
Bonbright William 1 lot Mendenhall's plan			
Chesney E 1 lot Gould's plan			
Erbe Augustine 2 lot do do			
Erie Canal Co 1 lot do do			
Hailman G W 1 lot Gould's pl			
Hartshorn H D 1 lot Boles' pl			
Hopson John 1 lot Goulds' pl			
Kuler J J 1 lot Gould's plan			
P F W & C R R land			
Warnock James 1 lot Pinney's plan			
Wasson John 1 house and lot			
Betz Adam 1 lot Gould's plan			
Fulton Geo W 1 lot Pinney's pl			
Harrop Samuel 1 lot Pinney's pl			
Dickson Joseph Doctor brick house and lot			
do do 2 lots, shop and stable			
do do 1 do Bonbright			
Blake John 1 lot C & P R R Co			
do do 1 lot " do			
do do 1 lot " do			
Porter James 1 brick house			
Dorsey J C 1 lot Reno's plan			
do do 1 lot do do			
do do 1 lot do do			
Dawson Wm 1 lot			
do do 1 lot "			
Green Delilah land Wasson tr't			2
Mulvanon Pat. 1 lot Stewart's p			
M'Gaw James land			2½
Javens Henry's heirs 1 lot Warring's plan			
do do do 1 lot do			
do do do 1 lot do			
Pennard Robt. 1 lot Reno's plan			49
do do 1 lot Pinney's pl			
Pifer John 1 lot Gould's plan			
Rawdon F 1 lot Rawdon's plan			
do do 1 lot do do			
do do 1 lot do do			
do do 1 lot do do			
do do 1 lot do do			2½
Stenfeld Nancy land			
Sullivan Michael 1 lot			74
Shaffer Conrad 1 lot Gould's pl			
Rinehart B house & lot do			
Baughton Polly 1 lot and stable			
Neil Lewis 1 lot Gould's plan			
Wright David 1 lot Wasson's pl			
Waldschmidt H 1 lot Gould's pl			
*Collins H H 1 lot & starch fac'y			
* do do 1 lot above factory			
*C & P R R Co house and lot			

JOHN CAUGHEY, Treasurer.
April 8, 1864.

MEDICAL CARD.

DR. BODENHAMER, M. D.,
Office 854 Broadway, N. Y.,
DR. W. H. BODENHAMER, M. D.,
Monongahela House, Pittsburgh, Pa.

DEVOTE their attention exclusively to the Surgical treatment of

CHRONIC DISEASES,

Especially those of the LOWER BOWEL, such as Piles, Constipation, Fistula, Fissure, Falling of the Bowel, Ulceration of the Bowel, Stricture of the Bowel, &c. Also, the various Chronic Diseases of the Womb, the Kidneys, the Bladder, etc. mr29

LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in the Post Office at Beaver, Pa., Mar. 31, 1864

Arlington Alice	McClean Richard
Beam Semple	Miller Eliza
Brown Susan	Park Mary
Barnes John	Palmer Elsie
Bathony Mary	Preston Wm. or Jos.
Carlton Guy	Rogers Isaac
Cleary Mollie A	Smith Julian J J
Donevan Thos.	Stoner David
Foster Edward	Swaney D W
Gillirland Lavina	Schluderberg Geo
Gass Sarah	Whitzel Samuel L
Hurselton Sallie	White Wm.
Haworth J	Wood J W.
Hopkins John	Wilson John.
Hummezell Fred	

☞ Persons calling for letters in the above list, will please say they are advertised.

M. J. ANDERSON, P. M.

LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in the Post Office at Rochester, Pa., Mar. 31st, 1864:

Barnes E A	Kileing Miss Lizzie
Florence Fannie L	Morrison John H
Fish Sarah Jane	Paris Miss Nannie
Graham Mrs Sarah	Shinn Elizabeth
Hall Miss Winnie	Stewart Miss Virginia
Hooker H E & Co.	Williams Miss Louisa
Hatfield Maggie E	

☞ Office hours, during the summer, from 7 a. m. to 7 p. m.

T. M. TAYLOR, P. M.

Dr. P. M. KERR

Offers his Professional Services to the People of

BEAVER AND VICINITY

and solicits a share of public patronage.

OFFICE IN

Kerr's Hotel, Beaver, Penn'a.

dec16,'63

Beaver Hotel,

JOSEPH HALL, Proprietor,

Beaver, Pa.

HAVING thoroughly fitted up this house, he is now prepared to accommodate his friends, and the public generally, in the most satisfactory manner. jmay7'62

Special Notice.

THE Proprietors of the Girard House Philadelphia would respectfully call the attention of business men and the travelling community to the superior accommodation and comfort offered in their establishment.

aug. 19:2m KANAGA, FOWLER, & Co.

LOST OR MISLAID—Scrip Certificate, issued by the Delaware Mutual Safety Insurance Company, No. 1557, dividend of 1849, for $65. Application has been made to said Company for a new certificate in place of the one so lost or mislaid.

apr6 R. CALHOUN.

Notice.

WHEREAS my wife, Anna Maria Hammerly, has left my bed and board, without any just cause, I, by these presents, warn the public not to trust her on my account, as I will not pay any debts of her contracting.

JACOB HAMMERLY.

Economy tp., mar9.64.

Beaver County, ss:

SEAL. IN the Orphans' Court in and for the county of Beaver, before the Hon. L. L. M'Guffin, President, and his associates, Judges of said Court. In the matter of the Petition of the real estate of Jesse Smith, late of the township of Ohio, Beaver county, dec'd. The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, To Susan, (widow) Jesse Smith, Joseph Smith, Samuel Smith, Susan, intermarried with John Beaver, Hamilton Smith, Rachel Smith and Thos. Smith; Joseph is deceased, as is also his widow, but leaving four children, viz: Isaac, Sarah, intermarried with John M. Day, Isabella and Susan, whose interest is said real estate is now vested in Jesse Smith and Samuel Smith; said Hamilton is deceased, as is also his widow, leaving one child, Isadore, whose interest in the said real estate is vested in the said Jesse and Samuel Smith; John Beaver, husband of said Susan is deceased, and the said Susan has since sold all her interest in said real estate to said Jesse and Saml Smith; Rachel Smith is now deceased, leaving no issue; said Thomas Smith still living, but whose interest in said real estate is now vested in the said Jesse and Samuel Smith; said Saml Smith now deceased, but leaving a widow, Margaret, surviving, and four children, viz: John B., Susan, intermarried with Isaac Jemison, of Wayne county, Ohio, Mary Anne, intermarried with James Dawson and Louisa, aged 18 yrs., whose guardian is Daniel Dawson, said John B. Smith being now in the army of the United States, in the army of the West; and all others, greeting: You and each of you are hereby cited to be and appear before our Judges of said Court, at Beaver, in and for said county of Beaver, at an Orphans' Court, to be held therein the first Monday of June next, to accept or refuse the real estate of said deceased, at the appraisement put upon it by an Inquest duly awarded by said Court, and returned by the Sheriff to March term, 1864. Valuation, $25,000. And in the event of non-acceptance, to shew cause why the same should not be sold.

Witness the Hon. L. L. M'Guffin, President of our said Court, at Beaver, this 26th day of March, 1864.

JOHN A. FRAZIER,
apr6.,'64. Clerk.

To the heirs and legal representatives of Jesse Smith, dec'd.: You and each of you are hereby notified to be and appear at the time and place mentioned in the foregoing Rule, for the purpose therein set forth.

JOS. LEDLIE, Sheriff.

A VALUABLE RIVER FARM FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers at private sale his Farm, situate in Industry township, four miles below Beaver, Beaver county, containing

TWO HUNDRED ACRES,

90 acres of which are cleared and in a good state of cultivation. The improvements consist of a Frame Dwelling House, 20 by 40 feet, two stories in height; a frame barn 35 by 55 feet; frame horse and cow stable; a good Orchard of grafted fruit trees. The C. & P. R.R. passes through this farm. About 140 acres of this land is underlaid with a four feet vein of coal, open in two places, and in working order. The above farm is a very valuable one, and will be sold at a bargain.

Also, a lot containing TWELVE ACRES, one mile from Beaver—improved; suitable for a Gardener or Nurseryman. Title good, and terms easy. ROBERT M'CREERY.

Beaver, Jan6,'64.

U. S. INTERNAL REVENUE.

Annual Taxes for '64.

The Assessor of the 5th Division of the 24th District, of Pennsylvania, will meet with the Tax Payers of said District for the purpose of receiving reports of Income Tax and applications for License, as follows: Moon township, at House of H. Bimber, April 11th; Hopewell township, in Sheffield, April 14th; Independence township, at Store of G. Miller, April 15th; Raccoon township, at Store of Andrew Washout, April 18th; Hanover tp., at Store of Greene Bowers, April 19th; Greene township, at Store of J. H. Trimble & Co., April 20th.

WM. R. TRIMBLE,
Ass. 5th Div. 24th Dist. Pa.

For Sale or Rent.

A STORE ROOM, 25 by 60 feet cellar underneath, dwelling attached, containing five rooms, Ware Room 25 by 30 feet, two stories high, good stabling, &c. Two lots of ground enclosed with the buildings, containing a number of bearing peach trees, grape vines, raspberries, gooseberries, currants, &c., located on Second street, in the borough of Darlington, Beaver county, Pa. A. T. Railroad runs within 30 feet of the Ware House, and connects with the P. Ft. W. & C. Railroad at New Galilee.

mar9 S. J. HARTSHORN

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of CLARINDA WARREN, late of South Beaver tp, Beaver co., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claim against said estate will present them to the subscriber properly authenticated for settlement.

J. STEWART ELDER,
Adm'r *de bonis non*,
feb27 South Beaver tp.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary on the estate of BENJ. M'GAFFICK, late of Ohio twp., Beaver county, Pa., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

WM. B. M'GAFFICK, } Brighton tp.
JESSE M'GAFFICK, }
AND W M'GAFFICK, Chippewa tp.
feb10,64 Executors.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary on the estate of JOHN M. LUKENS, late of the boro. of Rochester Beaver co., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

MARY LUKINS, Adm'rx.
feb3'64. Rochester, Pa.

A Card.

HAVING sold our entire stock of Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes and Clothing, at New Brighton, to JAMES H. STOKES, we take great pleasure in recommending him to the citizens of this vicinity, as an exceedingly clever, agreeable and accommodating salesman, and solicit for him the custom of our former patrons, and all others in want of good goods at low prices. M'CLELLAND & CO.

New Brighton, Feb 1, '64.

Election.

THE Stockholders of the Company for erecting a bridge over Big Beaver Creek, at or near Wolf Lane, in the county of Beaver, are hereby notified that an election for one President; six Managers, and a Treasurer, will be held in the Toll House of said Company, on the last Monday (25th) of April, commencing at 10 o'clock, a. m.

mar21'64. JAMES ALLISON, Treas.

Beaver Seminary.

THE SUMMER TERM, of 14 weeks, will open on Monday the 28th of March.

For particulars address

S. B. MERCER, Superintendent,
mar9.64 Beaver, Pa.

PEN-KNIVES, Scissors, Gum Hair Pins, Purses, Port Monaies, Needles, Tweezers, Pencil-sharpeners, Spool Cotton, Thread, Pins, &c., for sale at the Drug Store of

DR. C. P. CUMMINS
—22

The Diamond.

OF

ROCHESTER, PA.,

FORTUNE'S NEW STORE,

FIRST ARRIVAL OF

SPRING DRY GOODS

Prints—Best Chintz Styles,

From 18 3-4 to 25 cents per yard.

Ginghams, Checks, Ticks, Table Diapers, Jeans, Cassimeres, Brown and Bleached Muslins,

And a full line of

ENGLISH, FRENCH & GERMAN

DRESS GOODS.

SPRING DE LAINES.

A very choice selection of styles and quality, at prices within the reach of all.

BARRED FLANNELS AND WOOLEN GOODS,

At ruinous prices, at,

FORTUNE'S CHEAP STORE,

(Near the Post Office.)

ROCHESTER, PA.

BEAVER SEMINARY AND INSTITUTE

Rev. R. T. Taylor, A. M., Prin.
Mrs. A. S. Taylor, Governess.

THE NEXT TERM WILL COMMENCE

Tuesday, March 24th, 1863,

And continue 14 weeks. The aim of the school is to make its pupils thorough, especially in the Common Branches.

A Normal Class,

for the benefit of those wishing to fit themselves for teaching, will be formed at the commencement of the term.

Board, Room rent, &c.....$88 00
Tuition varies from $3.50 to $8.00

☞ For further particulars inquire of the President of Faculty.

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS

WILSON, M'ELROY & CO.,

54 Wood St.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

OFFER THEIR STOCK FOR THE

SPRING OF 1863,

AT THE LOWEST MARKET PRICE.

mar 25,'63

"Union Hotel,"

BEAVER, PENN'A.

ALEX. CLARK, PROPRIETOR.

IN addition to the conveniences of a first class Hotel, the Proprietor has fitted up in his house, in a complete and satisfactory manner, an

OYSTER SALOON,

where the best quality of Oysters may be obtained during their season in any desired style. Families can be furnished with Oysters, by the can or dozen. The table is furnished with all the luxuries the PITTSBURG MARKET can afford.

Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed a continuance of the same is respectfully solicited. dec17

Beaver Seminary.

S. B. MERCER, Superintendent.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

Rev. D. H. A. M'LEAN, D. D.
" D. A. CUNNINGHAM
" C. P. CUMMINS, M. D.

THE FALL TERM of fourteen weeks opens on TUESDAY, the first day of September.

Rates per term for board and furnished Room.....$40 00

☞ For full particulars address

S. B. MERCER, Beaver, Pa.

aug12:4t

A NEW AND BEAUTIFUL EDITION OF THE MISTAKES OF EDUCATED MEN.

BY JOHN S. HART, LL. D.,

12MO., muslin, price 50 cents; paper covers, 25 cents. Copies of this book will be sent by mail on receipt of the price, in postage stamps. Please address

J. C. GARRIGUES, Publisher,
142 South Fourth street, Phil'a, Pa.
mar26.

A. Bestwick,

BROADWAY & APPLE STREETS

New Brighton, Pa.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Tin, Copper, and Sheet Iron Ware,

And the most approved patterns of

Pittsburg Cooking, Parlor and Heating Stoves. mar25'64

Dr. P. B. Young,

WHO has been for some time acting as Surgeon in the Army, having returned and again located himself in

Freedom, Beaver County,

offers his professional services to the public.

☞ Office in Phillips' building. [mh16'63

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Beaver county, will be exposed to sale by Public Vendue or out-cry, on the premises, on

Tuesday, April 26th, 1864,

at 1 o'clock, p. m. the following described property, belonging to the estate of Joseph Moorhead, late of the borough of Bridgewater, in said County, dec'd., to wit: All the undivided one-half of that certain lot of ground situate in the borough of Beaver, in the county aforesaid, numbered 104 in the plan of said borough, bounded south by third street, west by branch bank alley, north by turnpike alley and east by lot No. 105, all enclosed, on which are erected one large double frame house, two stories high, with kitchen back, one shop, &c., some fruit trees on the lot, convenient to water, &c

Also, all that certain house and lot situate in the borough of Bridgewater, county aforesaid, numbered 3 in Harrison Meneball's plan of said borough, bounded north by lot No. 4, east by water street, south by —— alley, and west by walnut alley, all enclosed, on which is erected one good two story brick dwelling house, &c., all in good order.

TERMS—One-third of the purchase money on confirmation of sale by the Court, balance in two equal annual payments with interest from confirmation.

By order of Court,
mar.30'64. JOHN A. FRAZIER, Cl'k.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of the county of Beaver, the undersigned will expose to sale, by public vendue or out-cry, on the premises, on

Friday, April 29th, 1864,

at 1 p. m. of said day, the following described property belonging to the estate of Francis Marion Erwin, late of Hopewell tp., in said county, dec'd., to wit: The undivided one-third of all that parcel of land situated in the township of Hopewell aforesaid, bounded on the north by land of John Grimes, on the east by land of James Jones, south by land of Jas. Irons, and west by lands of James Irons, containing about 25 acres, more or less, about 18 acres cleared, on which are erected one two story log house, frame stable, &c.; a good spring and some fruit trees on the premises; also the undivided one-third of all that certain other lot of ground situated in the township aforesaid, bounded on the north by lands of Ovid Pinney, on the east by the Ohio river, on the south by lands of John M'Kee, and on the west by lands of David Brose; containing about 62 acres, more or less, on which are erected a frame dwelling house, frame barn and other out-buildings, good well of water and some fruit trees on the premises.

TERMS—One-third of the purchase money on confirmation of sale by the Court, balance in two, equal annual payments from that date, with interest from same time.

By order of Court:

JOHN R. M'DONALD,
mr29'64 Adm. of Francis M. Erwin, dec'd.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Beavr County, the undersigned will expose to sale by public vendue or out-cry, on the premises, on

Saturday, April 16th, 1864,

at 1 o'clock, p. m. of said day, all the following described real estate, belonging to Alex. P. Taggert, minor son of James Taggert dec'd., to wit: All the interest of said Alex. P. Taggert in a certain farm or tract of land situate in Independence tp., in said county, bounded as follows, viz: Beginning at a post and running thence by the other heir of the original tract (of which this is a part), south 1 deg. west 262¾ perches to a post, thence by land of Lockhart south 80 deg. 135¾ perches to a post, thence by land formerly of Schultze, north 1 degree, east 262¾ perches to a post, and thence by land formerly of John

MAYORS OF THE Great Cities.

We, the undersigned Mayors, hereby certify that the Druggists, Apothecaries, and Physicians of our several cities have signed a document of assurance to us that AYER'S SARSAPARILLA has been found to be a remedy of great excellence, and worthy the confidence of the community.

HON. JAMES COOK, Mayor of LOWELL, MASS.
HON. ALBIN BEARD, Mayor of NASHUA, N. H.
HON. E. W. HARRINGTON, Mayor of MANCHESTER, N. H.
HON. JOHN ABBOTT, Mayor of CONCORD, N. H.
HON. A. H. BULLOCK, Mayor of WORCESTER, MASS.
HON. NATH'L SILSBEE, Mayor of SALEM, MASS.
HON. F. W. LINCOLN, Jr., Mayor of BOSTON, MASS.
HON. WM. M. RODMAN, Mayor of PROVIDENCE, R. I.
HON. AMOS W. PRENTICE, Mayor of NORWICH, CONN.
HON. J. N. HARRIS, Mayor of NEW LONDON, CONN.
HON. CHAS. S. RODIER, Mayor of MONTREAL, C. E.
HON. D. F. TIEMANN, Mayor of NEW YORK CITY.
HON. H. M. KINSTREY, Mayor of HAMILTON, C. W.
HON. ADAM WILSON, Mayor of TORONTO, C. W.
HON. R. M. BISHOP, Mayor of CINCINNATI, OHIO.
HON. I. H. CRAWFORD, Mayor of LOUISVILLE, KY.
HON. JOHN SLOAN, Mayor of LYONS, IOWA.
HON. JAMES McFEETERS, Mayor of BOWMANVILLE, C. W.
HON. JAMES W. NORTH, Mayor of AUGUSTA, ME.
HON. HENRY COOPER, Jr., Mayor of HALLOWELL, ME.
HON. JAMES S. BEEK, Mayor of FREDERICTON, N. B.
HON. WILLARD NYE, Mayor of NEW BEDFORD, MASS.
HON. J. BLAISDELL, Mayor of FALL RIVER, MASS.
HON. W. H. CRANSTON, Mayor of NEWPORT, R. I.
HON. FRED STAHL, Mayor of GALENA, ILL.
HON. JOHN HODGDEN, Mayor of DUBUQUE, IOWA.
HON. THOMAS CRUTCHFIELD, Mayor of CHATTANOOGA, TENN.
HON. ROBERT BLAIR, Mayor of TUSCALOOSA, ALA.
HON. R. D. BAUGH, Mayor of MEMPHIS, TENN.
HON. GERARD STITH, Mayor of NEW ORLEANS, LA.
HON. H. D. SCRANTON, Mayor of ROCHESTER, N. Y.
HON. DE WITT C. GROVE, Mayor of UTICA, N. Y.
HON. GEO. WILSON, Mayor of PITTSBURG, PA.
HON. Mayor of DETROIT, MICH.
HON. HEMAN L. PAGE, Mayor of MILWAUKIE, WIS.
HON. W. W. VAUGHN, Mayor of RACINE, WIS.
HON. A. FARR, Mayor of KENOSHA, WIS.
HON. JOHN C. HAINES, Mayor of CHICAGO, ILL.
HON. M. J. A. HEATH, Mayor of SELMA, ALA.
HON. A. J. NOBLE, Mayor of MONTGOMERY, ALA.
HON. W. S. HOLYBAD, Mayor of COLUMBUS, GA.
DON ESPARTERO MANUEL, Mayor of VERA CRUZ.
DON PIETRE DE CABALLO, Mayor of MEXICO.
DON ESTEPHANIE RODRIGUES, Mayor of HAVANA.
DON ANTONIO ECHEVERA, Mayor of LIMA, PERU.
DON M. G. MILANGNO, Mayor of VALPARAISO, CHILL
DON MARO SESQUIPEDALIA, Mayor of RIO JANEIRO, BRAZIL

Certify that the resident Druggists have assured them

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Is an excellent remedy, and worthy the confidence of the community.

For Spring Diseases.
For Purifying the Blood.
For Scrofula or King's Evil.
For Tumors, Ulcers, and Sores.
For Eruptions and Pimples.
For Blotches, Blains, and Boils.
For St. Anthony's Fire, Rose, or Erysipelas.
For Tetter or Salt Rheum.
For Scald Head and Ringworm.
For Cancer and Cancerous Sores.
For Sore Eyes, Sore Ears, and Humors.
For Female Diseases.
For Suppression and Irregularity.
For Syphilis or Venereal Diseases.
For Liver Complaints,
For Diseases of the Heart.

The Mayors of the chief cities of the United States, Canadas, and British Provinces, Chili, Peru, Brazil, Mexico, and in fact almost all the cities on this continent, have signed this document, to assure their people what remedies they may use with safety and confidence. But our space will only admit a portion of them.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,
Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,
Ayer's Pills, and
Ayer's Ague Cure,

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
LOWELL, MASS.,
and sold by Druggists every where.

BENTEL, ARBUCKLE & CO.
MANUFACTUTERS OF
CARBON OIL,
ROCHESTER,
BEAVER COUNTY, PA [ap2

State Normal School.

EDINBORO, ERIE CO., PA.

THE buildings are new, neat and convenient; good Libraries, Reading Room and Apparatus; Instruction thorough and practical.

Tuition per term of fourteen weeks, $4,00; Board $2.25 per week; $36,50 pays the whole term's expense, including the use of text books.

The Fall term opens, August 18, 1863.

☞ Send for Circular.

J. A. COOPER, A. M., Principal.
aug5:3m

JOY, COE & CO.,

Advertising and Commission Agents
AND DEALERS IN
PRINTING INKS OF ALL KINDS
Type, Printing Materials,
WRITING AND PRINTING PAPER CARDS, &c

OFFICES—Brown's Building6, Philadelphia; Tribune Buildings, New York.
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HOOKSTOWN SELECT SCHOOL,

Opens Monday, Sept. 28th

Mathematics, Sciences and Languages,

Taught on the most favorable terms.

Address D. W. SCOTT, *Principal*

NOTICE.

Joseph Dunlap vs. Sarah Dunlap.

IN the Court of Common Pleas of Beaver county, No. 4, Sept. Term, 1863. Libel in Divorce.

To the respondent in above case:—You are hereby notified to be and appear before the Hon. Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of Beaver county, at a Court to be held in Beaver, in said county, on the 1st Monday (7th day) of March, 1864, to answer the complaint of Joseph Dunlap in the above case.

JOSEPH LEDLIE, Sh'ff.
Beaver, Jan. 6, '64.

Valuable REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

THE House and Lot belonging to the heirs of Col. JOSEPH H. WILSON, deceased, situate on the North side of the Diamond, in the boro' of Beaver. Also out-lot No. 16, adjoining the east end of said borough, containing Eight Acres, is now offered for sale. For particulars enquire of

JOHN H. WILSON, Franklin tp, or A. R. MOORE, Beaver.
dec23,63

T. M. McCord, Notary Public.

OFFICE WITH
B. B. CHAMBERLIN, ATT'Y AT LAW,
(Near the Provost Marshal's office,
BROADWAY, NEW BRIGHTON,
BEAVER COUNTY, PA.

PROMT attention given to the drawing of EXEMPTION PAPERS, and all matters connected with the draft; also oaths administered, acknowledgments taken, &c., &c. [de16

ADMINSTRATOR'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby givenen that letters of administration upon the estate of Dr. GEORGE W. ALLISON, late of the borough of Beaver, Beaver county, Penna., dec'd, have been granted to the undersigned. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to made immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

THOMAS ALLISON, Administrator,
dec't.23'63–5t. Bridgewater, Pa.

ADMINISRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of JAS. REED, sr., dec'd, of Hanover tp., Beaver co., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will present them to the subscriber properly authenticated for settlement.

JAMES REED, jr., Adm'r.,
jan6'64, Hanover tp.

Dr. D. M'Kinney,

OFFERS his professional services to the citizens of

BEAVER AND VICINITY.

OFFICE IN
The Shannon Building, S. E. Corner of
dec16] *the Diamond, Beaver, Pa.*

Estate of Col. R. P. Roberts.

LETTERS testamentary on the estate of Col. RICHARD P. ROBERTS, late of the borough of Beaver, deceased, having been issued to the undersigned, all persons indebted are required to make immdiate payment, and those having claims will present them, properly authenticated for settlement.

WM. HENRY, Executor & Trustee.
Fallston, Dec. 21, '63.—6

A Gentleman cured of Nervous Debility, Incompetency, Premature Decay and Youthful Error, actuated by a desire to benefit others, will be happy to furnish to all who need it (free of charge) the receipt and directions for making the simple Remedy ussd in his case. Those wishing to profit by his experience and possess a Valuable Remedy—will receive the same, by return mail, (carefully sealed,) by addressing JOHN B. OGDEN,

No 60 Nassau Street, New York.
aug12:3m

MILLINERY AND DRESS-MAKING.

MRS. Z MOORE announces to the public that she has removed a few rods from her late residence, where she intends continuing the MILLINERY & DRESS-MAKING business, in all its various branches. She has lately received a well selected stock of MILLINERY Goods, to which she invites the attention of her customers. A continuance of the patronage heretofore liberally bestowed, is respectfully solicited.

Beaver, Sept. 20, '63.—4w.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

WHEREAS letters of administration on the estate of HENRY COWAN, Sr., late of Greene township, Beaver county, Pa., deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement without delay.

HENRY COWAN, Jr.,
feb8'64. Adm'r.

$50 Reward.

I WILL give the above reward for the arrest and conviction of any person found trespassing or doing malicious mischief on my property, adjoining the farm of Abram Wolf and lot of John Fisher, near the boro. of Beaver. DAVID STONER.
jan. 28'63.

PROF. WOOD'S RESTORATIVE CORDIA and Blood Renovator, the genuine article, for sale at the Drug Store of
oc22 DR. C. P. CUMMINS.

RAIL-ROAD HOUSE,

ADAM JOHNSON, PRO'R
ROCHESTER, PA.

NEW BRIGHTON RETREAT.

AN ASYLUM FOR THE RECEPTION, CURE AND TREATMENT OF MENTAL ALIENATION OR DISORDER.

And Other Nervous and Chronic Diseases.

EXCLUSIVELY FOR FEMALES.

THIS institution is now open for the reception, care, and treatment of the *independent class* of patients who are laboring under mental derangement; or other nervous and chronic disease. We make special mention of nervous and chronic diseases, from the fact that seven tenths of the female patients that are committed to our public Asylums, to be treated for disordered minds, are reduced to that lamentable condition through previous physical disorder. By a well timed and judicious treatment of chronic and nervous diseases, all physical disorders, in the majority of cases may be removed; and thus the mind, having suffered through the medium of the body; will when free from the exciting physical cause, throw off the shackles that has bound it to worse than midnight darkness, and reason will, once more, resume its sway, clothed in all its primitive beauty and wonted excellence. Hence the necessity of all those, who are laboring under the predisposing or exciting causes, calculated in the end to impair the mind to resort to an early and judicious course of remedial agents.

The Institution is a large brick building with a stone basement—four stories high and well ventilated. It is situated on an elevated table land which commands a view of entire town—adjacent hills—groves and neighboring streams; all of which are calculated to produce favorable impressions upon the disorder ed mind.

The Institution is complete in all of its appointments. Having been tastefully fitted up at great expense, in order that it may meet the approbation and views of the most fastidious.

The water closets and bathing apparatus have been gotten up upon the most approved modern scientific principles. This department embraces not only the ordinary baths but, also, the medicated, warm air and ascending and descending *douche* for the more effectual and successful treatment of cutaneous and other scrofulous diseases.

We beg leave to say to all those who may be disposed to commit the interests of a dear wife, sister or daughter, to our charge—may be assured that no means will be spared or efforts wanting on our part to ameliorate their condition or to effect a restoration to their accustomed health and vigor of mind.

For further particulars send for a circular. All communications should be addressed to.

E. KENDRICK, M. D.
Supt. of New Brighton Retreat
New Brighton
nov12'62. Beaver Co. Pa.

CRITTENDEN'S PHILADELPHIA COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,

N. E. corner of 7th & Chestnut St.,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

THIS Institution, which was established in 1844, and is now consequently in the eighteenth year of its existence, numbers among its graduates, hundreds of the most successful Merchants and Business Men of our Country.

The object of the Institution is solely to afford young men facilities for thorough preparation for business.

The branches taught are, Book-keeping, as applicable to the various departments of trade; Penmanship, both plain and ornamental; Commercial Law, mathematics, Navigation, Civil Engineering, Drawing, Phonography, and Modern Languages.

The system of Instruction is peculiar—each student is taught individually, so that he may commence at any time, and attend at whatever hours are most convenient.

Catalogues are issued annually after the 15th of April, containing names of the students for the year, and full particulars of terms, &c., and may be obtained at any time by addressing the Principal.

In extensive accommodations, wide-spread reputation, and the lengthy experience of the Principal, this Institution offers facilities superior to any other in the country, for young men wishing to prepare for business, and to obtain at the same time A DIPLOMA, which will prove a recommendation for them to any Mercantile House.

☞ CRITTENDEN'S Series of Treatises on Book-Keeping, now more widely circulated than any other work on the subject, are for sale at the College.

S. HODGES CRITTENDEN,
Attorney-at-Law,
May 7, PRINCIPAL.

Notice.

BANK OF BEAVER COUNTY,
New Brighton, Oct. 12, 1863.

The Stockholders of the Bank of Beaver County are hereby notified, that the Annual Meeting, will be held at the Banking House, in New Brighton, on Tuesday the 3d day of November ensuing, between the hours of 3 and 5 o'clock, P. M. And the election for Directors to serve the ensuing year, at the same place, on Monday, the 16th, day of November, between 10 A. M., and 3 P. M., of said day. By order of the Board of Directors.

EDWARD HOOPS Cashier.

Confessions & Experience of an Invalid.

PUBLISHED for the benefit and as a warning and a caution to young men who suffer from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay &c., supplying at the same time the means of Self-Cure. By one who has cured himself after being put to great expense through medical imposition and quackery. By enclosing a post-paid addressed envelopes, single copies may be had of the author, NATHANIEL MAYFAIR, Esq., Bedford, Kings Co., N. Y.
mar26:1y.

Notice

IS hereby given that I have been appointed as Surgeon by the Pension Department, to examine wounded and invalid Soldiers, discharged from the service; that my authority extends to any County, State or Territory, and that I am now ready to enter upon the discharge of my duties.

GEORGE McCOOK, M. D,
Oct.15—4t. Examining Surgeon.

Dissolution

THE partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the name of CAMPBELL & LEHMER, in the Foundry Business, in Bridgewater, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.

The business of the firm will be settled by T. CAMPBELL, who will be found at the Foundry.

THOS. CAMPBELL,
Sept. 16, 1863. JNO. S. LEHMER.

PITTSBURG WATER CURE!

NO Curative Agency is superior to HYDROPATHY for the treatment of all form of Diseases, and no Institution in this country possesses greater facilities for its administration than this.

☞ For Pictorial Circular address
DR. W. N. HAMBLETON,
Pittsburg, Pa.

C. P. CUMMINS, M. D.....J. M. CUMMINS, M. D

C. P. Cummins & Son,

OFFER their professional services as Physicians and Surgeons, to the citizens of Beaver and vicinity. They can always be found, when not professionly engaged, at the Drug Store of C. P. Cummins, M. D.
Dec'62

PHŒNIX LOOKING-GLASS & PICTURE FRAME MANUFACTORY,

NOS. 221 EAST TWENTY-THIRD STREET, 178 & 175 GRAND STREET AND 215 CENTRE STREE.

ESTABLISHED 1838. N. Y. ESTABLISHED 1838

THIS Establishment has been in successful operation for 24 years, and is the largest of the kind in the United States. We have on hand or manufacture to order every description of Looking-glass, Picture and Portrait Frames, Plain and Ornamental Pier, Wall, Oval & Mantel Glasses, Connecting Cornices, Base and Bracket Tables, with Marble Slabs, Toilet Glasses, &c., &c., &c. Mouldings for Picture Frames, in lengths suitable for transportation, either Gilt, Berling, Rosewood, Oak, Zebra, Birdseye, Mahogany, &c. Our new manufactory and extensive facilities enable us to furnish any article in our line as good as the best, and as cheap as the cheapest.

Dealers are invited to call upon us

When they visit New York. We claim to be able to supply to supply them with every article in our line which they can possibly purchase elsewhere.

☞ Orders by mail attended to with promptness. Do not fail to call when you visit New York.

Office & Wareroom: No. 215 Centre St., N. Y.
HORACE V. SIGLER, *Agent.*
May7—8mos

MARRIAGE.

ITS loves and hates, sorrows and angers, hopes and fears, regrets and joys; MANHOOD, how lost, how restored; the nature treatment and radical cure of spermaterrhœa or seminal weakness; involuntary emissions, sexual debility and impediments to marriage generally; nervousness, consumption, fits, mental and physical incapacity, resulting from SELF-ABUSE—are fully explained in the MARRIAGE GUIDE, by WM. YOUNG, M. D. This most extraordinary book should be in the hands of every young person contemplating marriage, and every man or woman who desires to limit the number of their offspring to their circumstances. Every pain, disease and ache incidental to youth, maturity and old age, is fully explained; every particle of knowledge that should be known is here given. It is full of engravings. In fact, it discloses secrets that every one should know: still it is a book that must be locked up, and not lie about the house. It will be sent to any one on the receipt of twenty-five cents in specie or postage stamps.

Address DR. WM. YOUNG, 416 Spruce st., above Fourth, Philadelphia.

☞ *Afflicted and Unfortunate*, no matter what may be your disease, before you place yourself under the care of any of the notorious QUACKS—native or foreign—who advertise in this or any other paper, get a copy of Dr Young's book, and read it carefully: It will be the means of saving you many a dollar, your health, and possibly your life.

DR. YOUNG can be consulted on any of the diseases described in his publication, at his office, 416 Spruce Street, above Fourth, Philadelphia. ☞ Office hours from 9 to 3, daily. [mar26

THE GREAT CAUSE OF Human Misery.

Just Published in a Sealed Envelope. Price 6 cts.

A LECTURE BY DR. CULVERWELL, ON THE CAUSE AND CURE of Spermatorrhœa, Consumption, Mental and Physical Debility, Nervousness, Epilepsy; Impaired Nutrition of the Body; Lassitude; Weakness of the Limbs and the Back; Indisposition, and Incapacity for study and Labor; Dullness of Apprehension; Loss of Memory; Aversion to Society; Love of Solitude; Timidity; Self-Distrust; Dizziness; Headache; Affections of the Eyes; Pimples on the Face; Involuntary Emissions, and Sexual Incapacity; the Consequences of youthful Indiscretion, &c.

☞ This admirable Lecture clearly proves that the above enumerated, often self-inflicted evils, may be removed without medicine, and without Dangerous surgical operations, and should be read by every youth and every man in the land.

The system of Instruction is peculiar—each student is taught individually, so that he may commence at any time, and attend at whatever hours are most convenient.

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THE partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the name of CAMPBELL & LEHMER, in the Foundry Business, in Bridgewater, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.

The business of the firm will be settled by T. CAMPBELL, who will be found at the Foundry.

THOS. CAMPBELL,
Sept. 16, 1863. JNO. S. LEHMER.

PITTSBURG WATER CURE!

NO Curative Agency is superior to HYDROPATHY for the treatment of all form of Diseases, and no Institution in this country possesses greater facilities for its administration than this.

☞ For Pictorial Circular address
DR. W. N. HAMBLETON,
Pittsburg, Pa.

C. P. CUMMINS, M. D.....J. M. CUMMINS, M. D

C. P. Cummins & Son,

OFFER their professional services as Physicians and Surgeons, to the citizens of Beaver and vicinity. They can always be found, when not professionly engaged, at the Drug Store of C. P. Cummins, M. D.
Dec'62

KOLLOCK'S Dandelion Coffee.

THIS preparation, made from the best JAVA Coffee, is recommended by physicians as a superior NUTRITIOUS BEVERAGE for General Debility, Dyspepsia and all billious disorders. Thousands who have been compelled to abandon the use of coffee, will use this without injurious effects. One can contains the strength of two pounds of ordinary coffee. Price 25 cents.

KOLLOCK'S LEVAIN.

The purest and best BAKING POWDER known, for making light, sweet and nutritious Bread and Cakes. Price 15 cents.

Manufactured by
M. H. KOLLOCK, Chemist,
Corner of Broad and Chestnut streets,
PHILADELPHIA,
And sold by all Druggists and Grocers.
mar26

A THOUSAND YEARS, Work's Great War Song, Words and Music, in January Number.

A SCHOOL MAGAZINE FREE! — CLARK'S SCHOOL VISITOR.—Volume VIII.

The Publisher of this favorite Monthly, in order to reach all schools, will send the VISITOR one year *gratis* to one person (who will act as Agent), at an post-office in the United States. This is an unparalleled offer.

Address, with five cents enclosed, for particulars,

J. W. DAUGHADAY,
Publisher,
1308 Chuestnut St. Phila. Pa

FALLSTON WOOLEN FACTORY.

THE undersigned expects to commence, this week Carding, Spinning, Fulling, Finishing and Dyeing; also to manufacture Flannel, Cloth, Cassimeres, Satinetts and Blankets, at my old place in Fallston. For wear and durability, I can warrant the goods manufactured not to be surpassed. For the accommodation of those on the east side of the Beaver, Wool. etc., can be left at my house in Pulaski township, or John Hodgkinson's store in New Brighton.

je17,63 EPH'M. SMITH.

EXECUTORS NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned, on the estate of JOSIAH TODD, dec'd., late of Industry twp, Beaver co, Pa., all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make payment immediately and those having claims against the same will present them to the subscriber duly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN SLENTZ, Executor,
mar 2, '64 Ohioville.

GLORIOUS NEWS!

Not from the Army but from the Town of Beaver.

New Shoe Store.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform the citizens of Beaver County that, in addition to his well selected stock of CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS and GENTLEMENS FURNISHING GOODS, he has lately purchased a well selected stock of BOOTS and SHOES of every kind and variety. My stock is the largest ever brought to the county, and I am determined to sell "cheaper than the cheapest".—Mind the sign of the "Big Hat."

Sept.9.'63. I. N. ASHER.

FRIENDS AND RELATIVES OF THE BRAVE SOLDIERS AND SAILORS.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS And Ointment.

ALL WHO have Friends and Relatives in the Army or Navy, should take especial care that they be amply supplied with those Pills and Ointment; and where the brave Soldiers and Sailors have neglected to provide themselves with them, no better present can be sent them by their friends. They have been proved to be the Soldier's never-failing friend in the hour of need.

COUGHS AND COLDS AFFECTING TROOPS

Will be speedily removed and effectually cured by using these admirable medicines; and by paying proper attention to the Directions which are attached to each Pot or Box.

SICK HEADACHES AND WANT OF APPETITE INCIDENTAL TO SOLDIERS.

These feelings which so sadden us, usually arise from trouble or annoyances, obstructed perspiration, or eating and drinking whatever is unwholesome, thus disturbing the healthful action of the liver and stomach. These organs must be relieved, if you desire to be well. The Pills, taking according to the printed instructions, will quickly produce a healthy action in both liver and stomach, and as a natural consequence a clear head and good appetite.

WEAKNESS OR DEBILITY INDUCED BY OVER FATIGUE,

Will soon disappear by the use of these invaluable Pills, and the Soldier will quickly acquire additional strength. Never let the bowels be either confined or unduly acted upon. It may seem strange that Holloway's Pills should be recommended for Dysentery and Flux, many persons supposing that they would increase the relaxation. This is a great mistake, for these Pills will correct the liver and stomach and thus remove all the acrid humors from the system. This medicine will give tone and vigor to the whole organic system however deranged, while health and strength follow as a matter of course. Nothing will stop the relaxation of the Bowels so sure as this famous medicine.

VOLUNTEERS ATTENTION! INDISCRETIONS OF YOUTH.

Sores and Ulcers, Blotchings and Swellings, can with certainty be radically cured if the Pills are taken night and morning, and the ointment be freely used as stated in the printed instructions. If treated in any other manner they dry up in one part to break out in another. Whereas this Ointment will remove the humors from the system and leave the Patient a vigorous and healthy man. It will require a little perseverance in bad cases to insure a lasting cure.

FOR WOUNDS EITHER OCCASIONED BY THE BAYONET, OR SABRE OR THE BULLET, SORES OR BRUISES.

To which every Soldier and Sailor are liable there are no medicines so safe, sure and convenient as Holloway's Pills and ointment. The poor wounded and almost dying sufferer might have his wounds dressed immediately, if he would only provide himself with this matchless Ointment, which should be thrust into the wound and smeared all around it, then covered with a piece of linen from his knapsack, and compressed with a handkerchief. Taking night and morning 6 or 8 Pills, to cool the system and prevent inflamation.

Every Soldier's knapsack and Seaman's chest should be provided with these valuable Remedies.

CAUTION.—None are genuine unless the words "*Holloway, New York and London,*" are discernable as a water-mark in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box: the same may be plainly seen by *holding the leaf to the light.* A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

*** Sold at the Manufactory of Professor HOLLOWAY, 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines, throughout the civilized world, in boxes at 25 cents, 62 cents and $1 each.

☞ There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box.
May 7.

600 000 MALE OR FEMALE AGENTS TO SELL

Lloyd's New Steel Plate County Colored Map of the United States, Canadas, and New Brunswick.

From recent surveys, completed Aug. 10, 1862; cost $20,000 to engrave it, and one year's time.

Superior to any $10 map ever made by Colton or Mitchell, and sells at the low price of Fifty Cents; 370,000 names are engraved on this map.

It is not only a County map, but it is also a COUNTY & RAILROAD MAP

of the U. S. & Canadas combined in one, giving Every Railroad Station and distances between.

Guarantee any woman or man $3 to $5 per day, and will take back all maps that cannot be sold and refund the money.

Send for $1 worth to try.

Printed instructions how to canvass well, furnished all our agents.

Wanted—Wholesale Agents for our maps in every State, California, Canada, England, France and Cuba. A fortune may be made with a few hundred dollars capital. *No competition.* J. F. LLOYD, 164 Broadway, N. Y.

The War Department uses our map of Virginia, Maryland, and Pennsylvania, cost $100,000, on which is marked Antietam Creek, Sharpsburg, Maryland Hights, Williamsport Ferry, Shorersville, Noland's Ford, and all others on the Potomac, and every other place in the above named States, or money refunded.

LLOYD'S TOPOGRAPHICAL MAP OF KENTUCKY, OHIO, INDIANA, and ILL., at the only authority for Gen. Rosecrans and the War Department. Money refunded to any one finding an error in it.

From the Tribune, Aug. 2.

"LLOYD'S MAP OF VIRGINIA, MARYLAND AND PENNSYLVANIA.—The map is very large; its cost is but 25 cents, and *it is the best which can be purchased.*"

Lloyd's Great Map of the Mississippi River.—From Actual Surveys by Capts. Bart and Wm Brown, Mississippi River Pilots, of St. Louis, Mo., shows every man's plantation and owner's name from St. Louis to the Gulf of Mexico—1,350 miles!—every sand-bar, island, town, landing, and all places 20 miles back from the river—colored in counties and States. Price, $1 in sheets. $2, pocket form, and $2,50 on linen, with rollers. Ready Sept. 20.

Navy Department, Washington, Sept. 16, 1862.

J. T. Lloyd—Sir: Send me your Map of the Mississippi River, with price per hundred copies. Rear-Admiral Charles H. Davis, commanding the Mississippi squadron, is authorized to purchase as many as are required for use of that squandron.

GIDEON WELLS, Secretary of the Navy.

Chance for Investment,

At Big Sewickly Station, on the P. Ft. W. & C. R. R., Allegheny County

THE subscriber offers for sale 200 acres of fine upland, suitable for a Dairy or Sheep Farm, with 40 acres of rich Creek Bottom; also, 100 acres of River Bottom.

This valuable property will be sold to purchasers. For particulars inquire of

W. C. DUNN,
oct28,'63. Remington Station,

Estate of Harvey Gamble, dec'd.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of HARVEY GAMBLE, late of Greene township, Beaver County, Penna., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JAMES BRITTAIN, Adm'r.,
feb10,64 Greene tp.

GERMANTOWN TELEGRAPH.

A Family and an Agricultural Journal,

DEVOTED TO

CHOICE LITERATURE,

INCLUDING

Poetry, Novelettes, Tales,

AND MORAL AND ENTERTAINING READING GENERALLY.

In the Literary Department we shall present the choicest varieties within the reach of our extended means. The Novelettes, Tales, Poetry, &c., shall be supplied from the best and highest sources, and be equal to anything to be found in any journal or magazine.

Agriculture and Horticulture,

EMBRACING

Farming, Gardening, Fruit-Raising, &c.

In all their branches, as conducted on the latest and most approved system.

Our labors in this department for over thirty years, have met the cordial approbation of the public. Our purpose has been to furnish useful and reliable information upon these very important branches of industry, and to protect them so far as within our power against the false doctrines and selfish purposes of the many empires and sensation-adventurers by which the Farmer is incessantly assailed. This portion of the *Germantown Telegraph* will alone be worth the whole price of subscription, as every Farmer and Gardener, who has a proper conception of his calling, will readily admit.

NEWS DEPARTMENT.

The same industry, care, and discrimination, in gathering and preparing the Stirring Events of the Day, expressly for this paper, which hitherto has been one of its marked features and given so universal satisfaction, will be continued with redoubled efforts to meet the increasing demands of the public. The labor required in this department is never fully appreciated by the reader. It would be impossible to present, the condensed and carefully made-up form in which it appears, a corrected mass of all the most interesting news of the week, without involving much physical labor, tact and judgment.

We annex the *cash terms*, to which we beg leave to call attention of all who think of subscribing for a newspaper:

Advance Cash Terms.

One copy, one year, $2; one copy, three years, $5,00; three copies, one year, $5,00; Five Copies, One Year, $8,00; Ten Copies, One Year, $15,00; Twenty Copies, One Year, $28,00.

☞ Subscription not paid within the year, $2,50.

☞ A Club of five subscribers, at $8, will entitle the person getting it up to a copy for six months; a Club of ten or more, to a copy for one year. All Club subscriptions stopped at the end of the time paid for, unless re-ordered.

☞ No order will receive attention unless accomplished with the cash.

☞ Specimen numbers sent to applicants.

PHILIP R. FREAS,
Editor and Proprietor.
Germantown, Philadelphia, Oct. 22, '62.

"VANITY FAIR."

"This is the first really clever comic and satirical journal we have had in America—and really clever it is. It is both sharp and good-tempered, and not afraid to say that its soul is its own—which shows that it has a soul. Our readers will be glad to know where better in it than in it that mere fun that has something *Monthly.*

"This paper is excellent. It . . . Remarkable for originality."—*N. Y. Traveller.*

"VANITY FAIR is conducted by a vivacious, witty and intelligent corps of journalists."—*Litchfield* (Conn.) *Enquirer.*

"Will wield as potent an influence as that of the London *Punch.*"—*Boston Traveller.*

"Whosoever finds himself laughing at the wit of VANITY FAIR, and does not return a *quid pro quo*, is fit for treason, and spoils."—*N. Y. Crayon.*

SPECIAL NOTICE

The very marked and flattering success which has thus far attended the publication of "VANITY FAIR,"

Enables the publisher to announce that with the commencement of the Second Volume, issued this day, 30th June, New Features, both Literary and Artistic, will be introduced, which will increase the value and interest of the paper, and fully maintain the proud position unanimously accorded to it, as the leading

COMIC JOURNAL OF AMERICA.

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ISSUED REGULARLY EVERY THURSDAY.

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Two copies of VANITY FAIR will be sent to one address for.....$5 00
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An Extra copy will be allowed to the getter-up of every Club of not less than five copies.

This paper is Electrotyped, and numbers may be procured at any time.

LOUIS H. STEPHENS,
Publisher for the Proprietors, 113 Nassau-st.
New-York.

MME. DEMOREST'S

Quarterly Mirror of Fashions,

With Great Improvements and Additions,
THE SUMMER NUMBER CONTAINS

FOUR LARGE & SPLENDID FASHION-PLATES, THREE FULL-SIZED PATTERNS OF DRESSES,
COMPRISING THE

New French Waist, an Elegant Sleeve, and a Misses Sack, and a Sheet of New and Beautiful

BRAID AND EMBROIDERING PATTERNS,

Together with nearly 100 Engravings of all the novelties for

Summer Bonnets, Cloaks, Trimmings, Children's Dresses, &c.,

And valuable information to Milliners, Dress Makers, Mothers, and Ladies generally, presenting the largest and best Fashion Magazine in the World, published 473 Broadway, N. Y., and sold everywhere at 25 cents, or sent by mail, post free, on receipt of the am't in stamps or silver. Year $1,00 with the following valuable premium:

Each yearly subscriber will be entitled to a receipt for the selection of 50 cents worth of plain patterns, from the designs in the book, or from the show room, or they may be ordered and sent by mail any time during the year, by paying postage.

☞ Splendid Inducements to Canvassers.

☞ Summer No. now ready.

Do You Want Employment.

I OFFER a pleasant business for the Spring and Summer, with large profits. Send for my new circular, containing full information. Address GEO. EDW'D SEARS,
may28 William St., N. Y.

The Bugle Calls! The War has Begun! War of Extermination against Bad Teeth, Bad Breath, Diseased Gums, Toothache, Earache, and Neuralgia.

OUR ARTILLERY IS

DR. WM. B. HURD'S DENTAL TREASURY

A COMPLETE SET OF REMEDIES FOR

PRESERVING THE TEETH

Purifying the Breath and Mouth

AND

uring Toothache and Neuralgia.

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Dr. Hurd's Celebrated MOUTH WASH, one bottle.
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Dr. Hurd's UNRIVALED NEURALGIA PLASTER.
Dr. Hurd's MANUAL on the Best Means of Preserving the Teeth, including Directions for the Proper Treatment of Children's Teeth.
FLOSS SILK for Cleaning between the Teeth.
TOOTH PICKS, etc., etc.

Prepared at Dr. Hurd's Dental Office, 77 Fourth St., Brooklyn, (E. D.)

Price, ONE DOLLAR; or SIX $5.

☞ The *Dental Treasury* makes a package eight inches by five, and is sent by express.

☞ *Full directions for use is on each article.*

The following articles we can send separately, by mail, viz:

The *Treatise on Preserving the Teeth* sent, post paid, on receipt of TWELVE CENTS, or four stamps.

The *Neuralgia